Belgian Cancer Registry



QUALITY INDICATORS

for the management of

DUCTAL CARCINOMA IN SITU and INVASIVE

BREAST CANCER

(2014-2018)

Individual feedback report

Hospital 46

Table of Contents

| 1. Volume | 3 |
|--|-----|
| 1.1. Volume by centre of diagnosis | 4 |
| 1.2. Volume by centre of main treatment | 6 |
| 1.3. Volume by centre of first treatment | |
| 1.4. Volume by centre of first surgery | 10 |
| 2. Descriptive tables | 12 |
| 2.1. Patient characteristics | 12 |
| 2.2. Tumour characteristics | 18 |
| 2.3. Main diagnostic and staging procedures | 27 |
| 2.4. Main therapeutic procedures | |
| 3. Process indicator results | 45 |
| 3.1. Quality of diagnosis and staging | 45 |
| 3.2. Quality of treatment | 66 |
| 3.2.1. Quality of surgery | 66 |
| 3.2.2. Quality of radiotherapy | 76 |
| 3.3. Descriptive indicators | |
| 4. Outcome indicator results | |
| 4.1. Observed survival | 91 |
| 4.1.1. Unadjusted observed survival | |
| 4.1.1.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer | 91 |
| 4.1.1.2. For patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer who had surgery | |
| 4.1.2. Adjusted observed survival | 106 |
| 4.1.2.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer | 106 |
| 4.1.2.2. For patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer who had surgery | 108 |
| 4.2. Relative survival | 110 |
| 4.2.1. Unadjusted relative survival | 110 |
| 4.2.1.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer | 110 |
| 4.2.1.2. For patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer who had surgery | 115 |
| 4.2.2. Adjusted relative survival | 120 |
| 4.2.2.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer | 120 |
| 5. Cohort 2009-2013: observed survival of all patients diagnosed with an invasive breast cancer, by hospital of main treatment | 122 |

1. Volume

In this section, volumes are presented by a bar plot at hospital and campus level. The 'total volume' of each bar corresponds to the total number of cases that were assigned to your hospital and campuses. These volumes are used for volume-outcome and volume-process analyses at national level (KCE-report 365,

https://kce.fgov.be/sites/default/files/2023-03/KCE_365_Belgian_Hospitals_Breast_Cancer_Report.pdf). The dark part of the bar corresponds to the volume of the study population. Following inclusion and exclusion criteria for the 'total volume'¹ and the 'volume of the study population'² were applied:

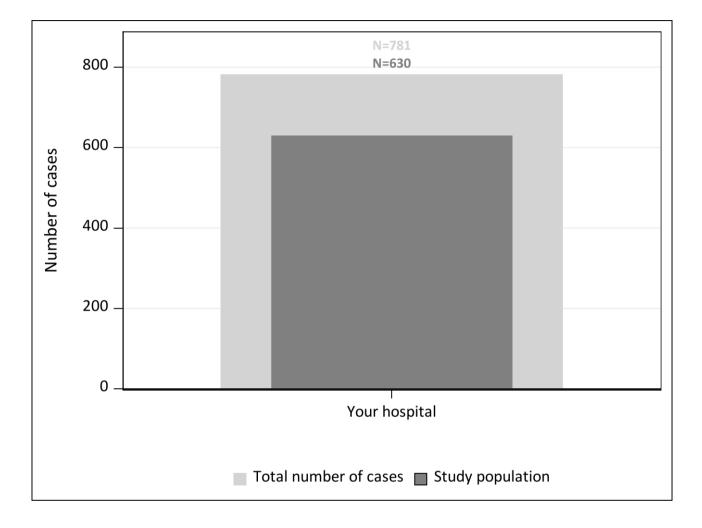
Inclusion criteria:

- ¹²Incidence period 2014-2018
- ¹²In situ breast tumours (ICD-10: D05) and invasive breast tumours (ICD-10: C50)
- ¹²Belgian residence at the time of diagnosis

Exclusion criteria:

- ¹²No data available from the Intermutuatlistic Agency (IMA-AIM)
- ¹²Date of incidence is the same as date of death
- ¹²Patients lost to follow-up since incidence
- ²Patients with multiple invasive tumours (breast or non-breast) and/or with multiple breast tumours (invasive or in situ) registered in the BCR database with a diagnosis in 2004-2018
- ²In situ tumours with an ICD-O-3 morphology other than ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) and invasive breast tumours that have an ICD-O-3 morphology corresponding with sarcoma or Paget's disease
- ²Male patients

1.1. Volume by centre of diagnosis





No analyses are performed at campus level by centre of diagnosis and therefore no campus volumes are shown. For Belgium, the total number of cases is 59 918, of which 48 011 are included in the study population. In addition, the centre of diagnosis could not be identified for 2 525 and 1 997 cases respectively.

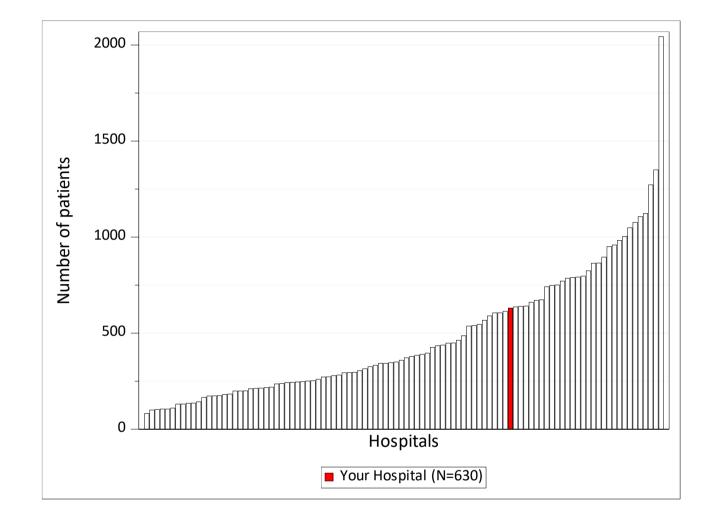


Figure 2: Volume of the study population for all Belgian hospitals, by centre of diagnosis

No analyses are performed at campus level by centre of diagnosis and therefore no campus volumes are shown.

1.2. Volume by centre of main treatment

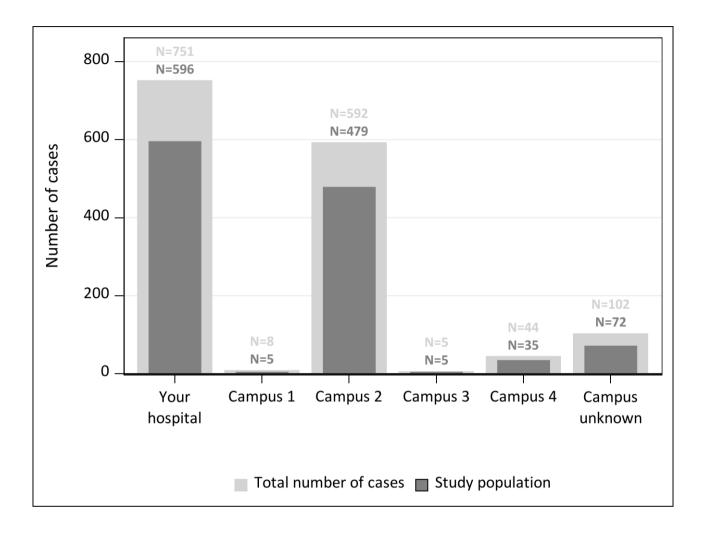


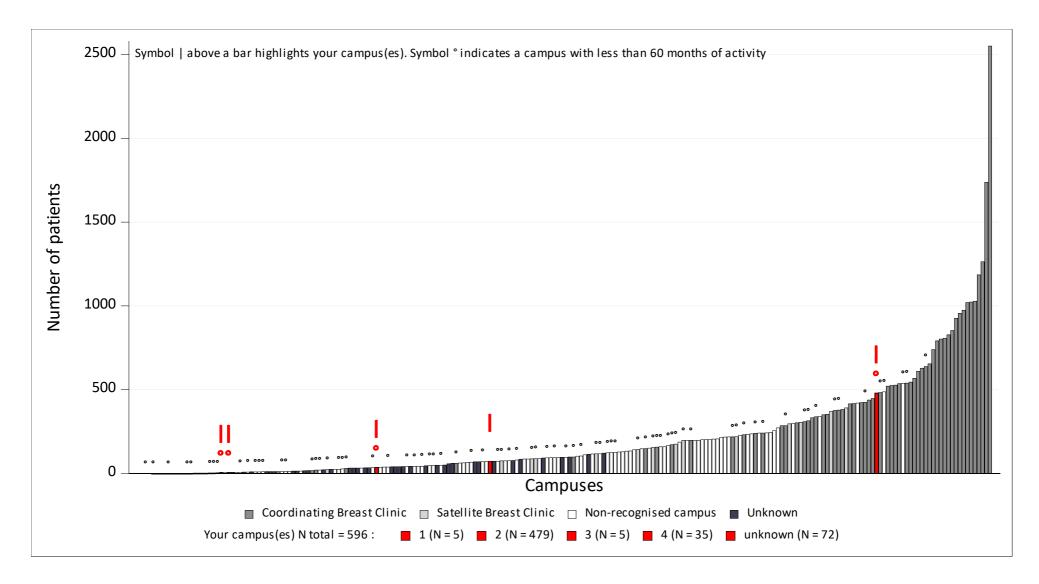
Figure 3: Volume for your hospital, by campus of main treatment

History of activity period :

Campus 1 active between January 2014 - September 2018 Campus 2 active between January 2014 - September 2018 Campus 3 active between January 2014 - September 2018 Campus 4 active between October 2018 - December 2018

For Belgium, the total number of cases is 60 475 (41 396 in a coordinating breast clinic, 3 198 in a satellite breast clinic, 13 573 in a non-recognised campus and 2 308 who could not be allocated to a campus), of which 48 591 are included in the study population (33 182 in a coordinating breast clinic, 2 641 in a satellite breast clinic, 11 015 in a non-recognised campus and 1 753 who could not be allocated to a campus). In addition, the centre of main treatment on the hospital level could not be identified for 1 968 and 1 417 cases respectively.





1.3. Volume by centre of first treatment

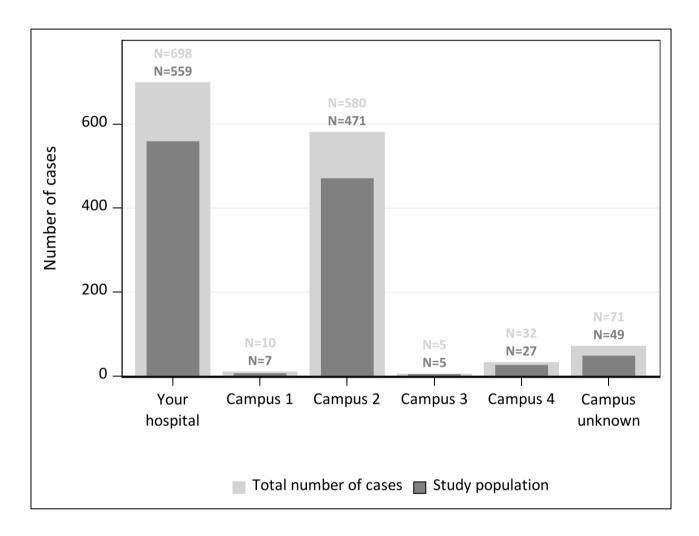


Figure 5: Volume for your hospital, by campus of first treatment

History of activity period :

Campus 1 active between January 2014 - September 2018

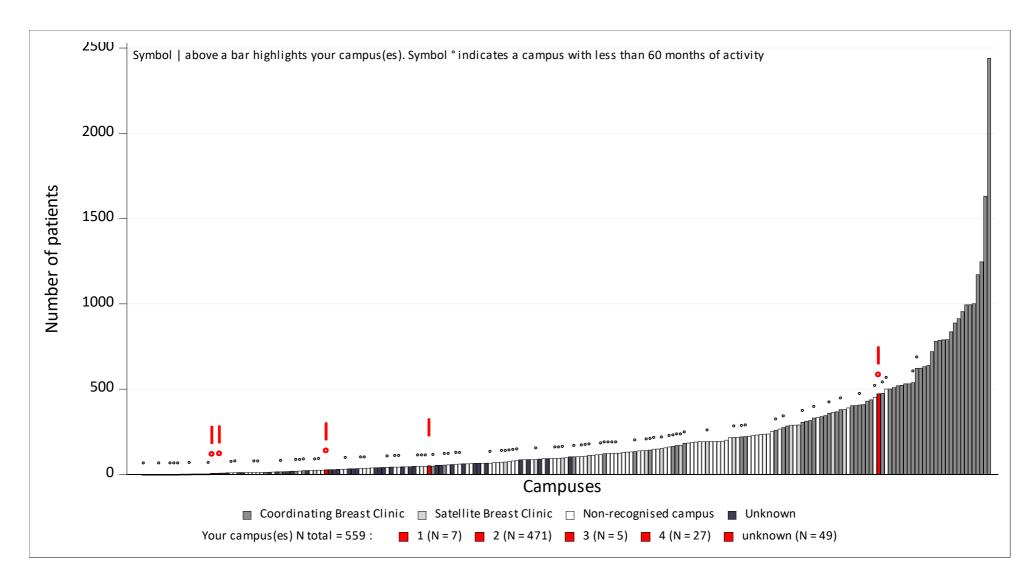
Campus 2 active between January 2014 - September 2018

Campus 3 active between January 2014 - September 2018

Campus 4 active between October 2018 - December 2018

For Belgium, the total number of cases is 58 208 (39 708 in a coordinating breast clinic, 3 119 in a satellite breast clinic, 13 362 in a non-recognised campus and 2 019 who could not be allocated to a campus), of which 47 161 are included in the study population (32 072 in a coordinating breast clinic, 2 588 in a satellite breast clinic, 10 936 in a non-recognised campus and 1 565 who could not be allocated to a campus). In addition, the centre of first treatment on the hospital level could not be identified for 4 235 and 2 847 cases respectively.





1.4. Volume by centre of first surgery

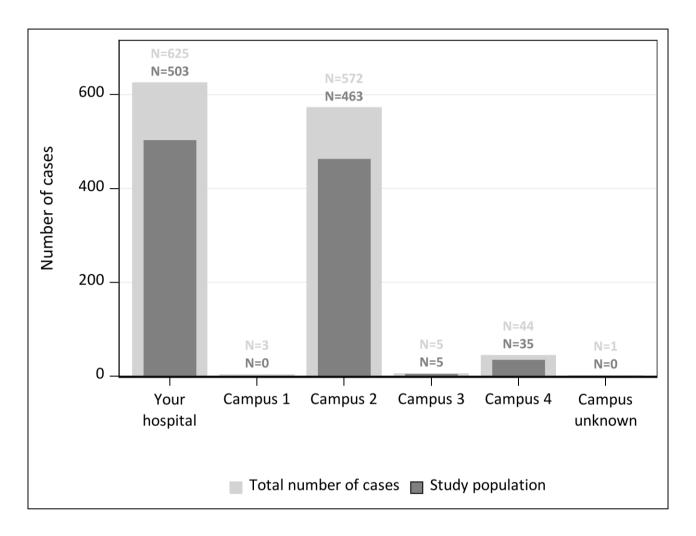


Figure 7: Volume for your hospital, by campus of first surgery

History of activity period :

Campus 1 active between January 2014 - September 2018 Campus 2 active between January 2014 - September 2018

Campus 3 active between January 2014 - September 2018

Campus 4 active between October 2018 - December 2018

For Belgium, the total number of cases is 54 294 (38 652 in a coordinating breast clinic, 2 971 in a satellite breast clinic, 12 589 in a non-recognised campus and 82 who could not be allocated to a campus), of which 44 038 are included in the study population (31 206 in a coordinating breast clinic, 2 466 in a satellite breast clinic, 10 300 in a non-recognised campus and 66 who could not be allocated to a campus). In addition, the centre of first surgery on the hospital level could not be identified for 6 and 4 cases respectively.

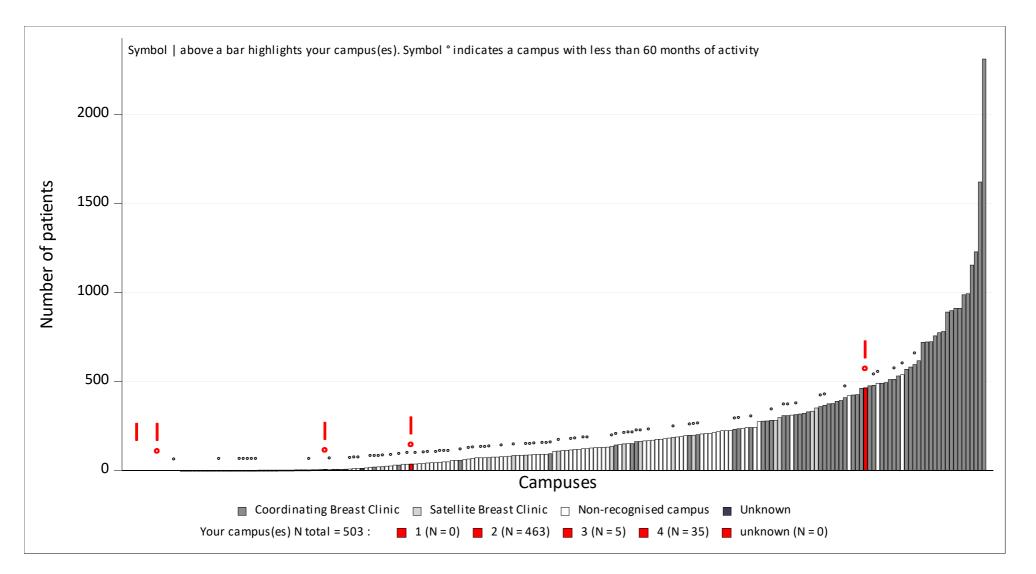


Figure 8: Volume of the study population for all Belgian campuses, by campus of first surgery

2. Descriptive tables

2.1. Patient characteristics

Table 1. Patient characteristics at time of diagnosis of patients with DCIS assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Your Hospital N=44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | Unkı | npus nown =1 |
|--|--------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|------|--------------------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 58 | 8.9 | 58 | 11.5 | 49 | 8.5 | 65 | 7.1 | 68 | |
| Median (IQR) | 57 | 53-65 | 57 | 53-65 | 49 | 44-54 | 62 | 55-78 | 68 | 68-68 |
| < 40 years | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 40-49 years | 5 | 11.4 | 4 | 10.5 | 1 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 50-59 years | 18 | 40.9 | 16 | 42.1 | 1 | 50.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 60-69 years | 16 | 36.4 | 14 | 36.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 70-79 years | 4 | 9.1 | 3 | 7.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 80+ years | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Laterality | | | | | | | | | | |
| Left | 19 | 43.2 | 17 | 44.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Right | 25 | 56.8 | 21 | 55.3 | 2 | 100.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Unknown | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| WHO performance status | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 44 | 100.0 | 38 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | | our pital :44 | 2 | Campus Campus Ca 2 3 N=38 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | Unkr | npus nown =1 | |
|---|----|---------------------|----|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|---|-------|--------------------|-------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Missing | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 28 | 63.6 | 25 | 65.8 | 2 | 100.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 1 | 15 | 34.1 | 12 | 31.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 2 | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Type of comorbidities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cardiovascular diseases | 14 | 31.8 | 11 | 28.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Chronic pulmonary diseases | 2 | 4.5 | 2 | 5.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Diabetes | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | | | | | | |
| No | 37 | 84.1 | 31 | 81.6 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 1-5 days | 7 | 15.9 | 7 | 18.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 6-15 days | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| >15 days | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ; SD: standard deviation; IQR : InterQuartile Range; WHO: World Health Organization Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 61, page 184.

Your Campus Campus Campus Campus Campus Hospital 1 2 3 4 Unknown N=552 N=5 N=441 N=3 N=32 N=71 % % % Ν % Ν % Ν % Ν Ν Ν Age at diagnosis (years) Mean (SD) 61 19.2 59 13.8 56 74 12.6 62 14.5 61 14.3 9.1 Median (IQR) 62 51-75 59 50-75 61 51-72 61 50-68 56 45-67.5 77 66-84 < 40 years 30 5.4 20.0 22 5.0 0 0.0 6 1 18.8 1 1.4 40-49 years 71 16.1 0 0.0 5 2 2.8 78 14.1 0 0.0 15.6 26.1 5 7.0 50-59 years 129 23.4 2 40.0 115 1 33.3 6 18.8 60-69 years 23.7 0.0 106 24.0 66.7 15 21.1 131 0 2 8 25.0 70-79 years 100 18.1 1 20.0 77 17.5 0 0.0 4 12.5 18 25.4 80+ years 15.2 20.0 50 11.3 0 0.0 3 30 42.3 84 1 9.4 Laterality Left 56.5 4 80.0 249 56.5 2 66.7 38 53.5 312 19 59.4 Right 239 43.3 1 20.0 191 43.3 1 33.3 13 40.6 33 46.5 0 Unknown 1 0.2 0 0.0 1 0.2 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 WHO performance status 8 1.4 20.0 3 0.7 0 0.0 1 3 0 – Asymptomatic 1 3.1 4.2 1 – Symptomatic but 534 96.7 80.0 437 99.1 3 100.0 31 96.9 59 83.1 4 completely ambulatory 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed 4 0.7 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 4 5.6 during the day 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, 0.0 5.6 4 0.7 0 0.0 0 0 0.0 0 0.0 4 but not bedbound 4 – Bedbound 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 Missing 2 0.4 0 0.0 1 0.2 0 0.0 0 0.0 1 1.4 Number of comorbidities

Table 2. Patient characteristics at time of diagnosis of patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | our pital 552 | : | npus L =5 | | 1pus 2 441 | : | npus 3 =3 | | npus 4 =32 | Cam Unkn N= | |
|--|-----|---------------------|---|-----------------|-----|------------------|---|-----------------|----|------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| 0 | 281 | 50.9 | 2 | 40.0 | 239 | 54.2 | 1 | 33.3 | 20 | 62.5 | 19 | 26.8 |
| 1 | 204 | 37.0 | 2 | 40.0 | 158 | 35.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 9 | 28.1 | 33 | 46.5 |
| 2 | 64 | 11.6 | 1 | 20.0 | 42 | 9.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 19 | 26.8 |
| 3 | 3 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Type of comorbidities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cardiovascular diseases | 248 | 44.9 | 2 | 40.0 | 184 | 41.7 | 2 | 66.7 | 11 | 34.4 | 49 | 69.0 |
| Chronic pulmonary diseases | 49 | 8.9 | 1 | 20.0 | 37 | 8.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 9 | 12.7 |
| Diabetes | 44 | 8.0 | 1 | 20.0 | 27 | 6.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.4 | 13 | 18.3 |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| No | 406 | 73.6 | 3 | 60.0 | 329 | 74.6 | 2 | 66.7 | 29 | 90.6 | 43 | 60.6 |
| 1-5 days | 98 | 17.8 | 2 | 40.0 | 83 | 18.8 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.1 | 11 | 15.5 |
| 6-15 days | 27 | 4.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 19 | 4.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 6 | 8.5 |
| >15 days | 21 | 3.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 11 | 15.5 |

SD: standard deviation; IQR : InterQuartile Range; WHO: World Health Organization Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 62, page 186. Table 3. Patient characteristics at time of diagnosis of operated patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Your Hospital | | Car | npus 2 | Car | npus 3 | Campus 4 | | |
|---|------------------|-------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-------------|---------|--|
| | | 460 | N= | 425 | N | I=3 | N=32 | | |
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | | | | | |
| Mean (SD) | 61 | 13.8 | 61 | 13.4 | 59 | 13.6 | 56 | 9.1 | |
| Median (IQR) | 60 | 50-72 | 61 | 51-72 | 61 | 50-68 | 56 | 45-67.5 | |
| < 40 years | 26 | 5.7 | 20 | 4.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 18.8 | |
| 40-49 years | 73 | 15.9 | 68 | 16.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 15.6 | |
| 50-59 years | 120 | 26.1 | 113 | 26.6 | 1 | 33.3 | 6 | 18.8 | |
| 60-69 years | 111 | 24.1 | 101 | 23.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 8 | 25.0 | |
| 70-79 years | 80 | 17.4 | 76 | 17.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | |
| 80+ years | 50 | 10.9 | 47 | 11.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.4 | |
| Laterality | | | | | | | | | |
| Left | 263 | 57.2 | 242 | 56.9 | 2 | 66.7 | 19 | 59.4 | |
| Right | 197 | 42.8 | 183 | 43.1 | 1 | 33.3 | 13 | 40.6 | |
| Unknown | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| WHO performance status | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 4 | 0.9 | 3 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 455 | 98.9 | 421 | 99.1 | 3 | 100.0 | 31 | 96.9 | |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Missing | 1 | 0.2 | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | | | | | |

| | Your Hospital N=460 | | Campus 2 N=425 | | : | npus 3 =3 | | npus 4 =32 |
|---|---------------------------|------|----------------------|------|---|-----------------|----|------------------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| 0 | 252 | 54.8 | 231 | 54.4 | 1 | 33.3 | 20 | 62.5 |
| 1 | 162 | 35.2 | 151 | 35.5 | 2 | 66.7 | 9 | 28.1 |
| 2 | 43 | 9.3 | 41 | 9.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 |
| 3 | 3 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 |
| Type of comorbidities | | | | | | | | |
| Cardiovascular diseases | 191 | 41.5 | 178 | 41.9 | 2 | 66.7 | 11 | 34.4 |
| Chronic pulmonary diseases | 37 | 8.0 | 35 | 8.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 |
| Diabetes | 29 | 6.3 | 26 | 6.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.4 |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | | | | |
| No | 349 | 75.9 | 318 | 74.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 29 | 90.6 |
| 1-5 days | 82 | 17.8 | 80 | 18.8 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.1 |
| 6-15 days | 19 | 4.1 | 17 | 4.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 |
| >15 days | 10 | 2.2 | 10 | 2.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

SD: standard deviation; IQR : InterQuartile Range; WHO: World Health Organization

2.2. Tumour characteristics

Table 4. Tumour characteristics of patients with DCIS assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | Your Hospital N= 44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | npus 3 I=2 | Campus 4 N=3 | | Campus Unknown N=1 | |
|---|-----|---------------------------|----|---------------------|---|------------------|--------------------|-------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Incidence years | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 13 | 29.5 | 13 | 34.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2015 | 7 | 15.9 | 6 | 15.8 | 1 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2016 | 6 | 13.6 | 6 | 15.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2017 | 9 | 20.5 | 8 | 21.1 | 1 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| 2018 | 9 | 20.5 | 5 | 13.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Clinical stage* | | | | | | | | | | |
| c0~ | 37 | 100.0 | 35 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Unknown | 7 | 15.9 | 3 | 7.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Pathological stage [*] ^{oδ} | | | | | | | | | | |
| Patients who had surgery | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| (y)p0 | 41 | 100.0 | 37 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown | 2 | 4.7 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0 |
| Combined stage $*^{\delta}$ | | | | | | | | | | |
| (y)0~ | 43 | 100.0 | 38 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Unknown | 1 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Grade | | | | | | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 4 | 9.1 | 4 | 10.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Moderately differentiated | 14 | 31.8 | 13 | 34.2 | 1 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Poorly differentiated | 23 | 52.3 | 20 | 52.6 | 1 | 50.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Unknown | 3 | 6.8 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 100.0 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. *: percentages for stages 0-IV were calculated excluding the unknown category. P: only includes patients who underwent surgery. ": in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. S: patients might have had neoadjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x). the combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage. T: The high proportion of grade unknown is due to the incomplete information BCR received from the oncological care programs and/or laboratories for pathological anatomy. Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 64, page 190.

Your Campus Campus Campus Campus Campus Hospital 1 2 3 4 Unknown N= 552 N=441 N=5 N=3 N=32 N=71 N % % Ν % Ν % Ν % Ν % Ν **Incidence** years 2014 107 19.4 1 20.0 88 20.0 2 66.7 0.0 16 22.5 0 95 17.2 2015 0 0.0 85 19.3 0 0.0 0 0.0 10 14.1 2016 112 20.3 2 40.0 93 21.1 1 33.3 16 22.5 0 0.0 2017 117 21.2 20.0 105 23.8 0 0.0 0 11 15.5 0.0 1 2018 18 25.4 121 21.9 1 20.0 70 15.9 0 0.0 32 100.0 Clinical stage* c0~ 4 0.8 0.0 0 0.0 0 4 1.0 0 0.0 0.0 0 cIA 225 42.5 0.0 215 51.1 0 0.0 9 30.0 1 1.4 0 cIIA 138 26.1 0 0.0 118 28.0 0 0.0 11 36.7 9 12.9 52 9.8 45 10.7 cIIB 0 0.0 2 66.7 4 13.3 1 1.4 15 2.8 12 2.9 0 0.0 6.7 cIIIA 0 0.0 2 1 1.4 cIIIB 32 6.0 1 20.0 12 2.9 1 33.3 4 13.3 14 20.0 0.0 cIIIC 3 0.6 0 0.0 3 0.7 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 cIV 60 11.3 4 80.0 12 2.9 0 0.0 0 0.0 44 62.9 Unknown 23 4.2 0 0.0 20 4.5 0 0.0 2 6.3 1 1.4 Pathological stage $*2^{\delta}$ Patients who had surgery 460 0 425 3 32 0 11 2.5 8 1.9 3 10.7 (y)p0 0 0 0 0.0 0 0 (y)pIA 0 194 47.0 7 0 201 45.3 0 0 0.0 25.0 0 (y)pIB 13 2.9 0 13 3.1 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0 0 (y)pIIA 111 25.0 0 0 99 24.0 0 0.0 12 42.9 0 0 (y)pIIB 0 44 10.7 0 48 10.8 0 1 33.3 3 10.7 0

Table 5. Tumour characteristics of patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | our pital 552 | | npus 1 =5 | 2 | npus 2 441 | Cam 3 N= | | 4 | npus 1 :32 | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|----------------------------------|-----|---------------------|---|------------------|-----|------------------|----------------|------|----|------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| (y)pIIIA | 40 | 9.0 | 0 | 0 | 38 | 9.2 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.6 | 0 | 0 |
| (y)IIIB | 5 | 1.1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 |
| (y)pIIIC | 12 | 2.7 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.6 | 0 | 0 |
| (y)pIV | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 |
| ypis | 3 | 0.7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.6 | 0 | 0 |
| Unknown | 16 | 3.5 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 2.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | 0 | 0 |
| Combined stage $*^{\delta}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (y)0~ | 11 | 2.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 8 | 1.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| (y)IA | 205 | 37.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 196 | 44.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 22.6 | 2 | 2.8 |
| (у)ІВ | 13 | 2.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 2.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| (y)IIA | 127 | 23.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 104 | 23.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 41.9 | 10 | 14.1 |
| (у)ІІВ | 51 | 9.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 46 | 10.4 | 1 | 33.3 | 3 | 9.7 | 1 | 1.4 |
| (y)IIIA | 44 | 8.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 41 | 9.3 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.2 | 1 | 1.4 |
| (у)ШВ | 22 | 4.0 | 1 | 20.0 | 6 | 1.4 | 1 | 33.3 | 2 | 6.5 | 12 | 16.9 |
| (y)IIIC | 14 | 2.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 2.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| (y)IV | 61 | 11.1 | 4 | 80.0 | 12 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 45 | 63.4 |
| yis | 3 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.2 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Unknown | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Grade | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 25 | 4.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 22 | 5.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 1 | 1.4 |
| Moderately differentiated | 247 | 44.7 | 1 | 20.0 | 199 | 45.1 | 1 | 33.3 | 14 | 43.8 | 32 | 45.1 |
| Poorly differentiated | 264 | 47.8 | 4 | 80.0 | 215 | 48.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 15 | 46.9 | 28 | 39.4 |
| Unknown | 16 | 2.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 1.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 10 | 14.1 |
| Histological subtype** | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) | 461 | 83.5 | 5 | 100.0 | 372 | 84.4 | 2 | 66.7 | 28 | 87.5 | 54 | 76.1 |
| Invasive lobular carcinoma (ILC) | 63 | 11.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 49 | 11.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.4 | 11 | 15.5 |
| Mixed ductal & lobular | 14 | 2.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 11 | 2.5 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 2.8 |

| | Hos | our pital 552 | : | npus 1 =5 | | npus 2 441 | Cam 3 N= | | 4 | npus 1 :32 | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|---------------------------------------|-----|---------------------|---|-----------------|-----|------------------|----------------|------|----|------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Papillary & micropapillary | 6 | 1.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 1.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 1.4 |
| Mucinous | 4 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 1 | 1.4 |
| Metaplastic | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Medullary | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Cribriform & tubular | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Inflammatory*** | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Neuroendocrine | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Salivary gland type | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Apocrine**** | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Other carcinoma | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Carcinoma, NOS | 3 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 2.8 |
| Sub-localisation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C50.0: Nipple | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| C50.1: Central portion of breast | 26 | 4.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 19 | 4.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 5 | 7.0 |
| C50.2: Upper-inner quadrant of breast | 68 | 12.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 56 | 12.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 18.8 | 6 | 8.5 |
| C50.3: Lower-inner quadrant of breast | 26 | 4.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 21 | 4.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 4 | 5.6 |
| C50.4: Upper-outer quadrant of breast | 216 | 39.1 | 1 | 20.0 | 183 | 41.5 | 1 | 33.3 | 13 | 40.6 | 18 | 25.4 |
| C50.5: Lower-outer quadrant of breast | 49 | 8.9 | 1 | 20.0 | 40 | 9.1 | 1 | 33.3 | 3 | 9.4 | 4 | 5.6 |
| C50.6: Axillary tail of breast | 6 | 1.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 1.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 1.4 |
| C50.8: Overlapping lesion of breast | 8 | 1.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 1.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| C50.9: Breast, NOS | 153 | 27.7 | 3 | 60.0 | 110 | 24.9 | 1 | 33.3 | 6 | 18.8 | 33 | 46.5 |

*: percentages for stages 0-IV were calculated excluding the unknown category. $^{\circ}$: only includes patients who underwent surgery. $^{\circ}$: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For IBC, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection. 6 : patients might have had neoadjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x); the combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage. The high proportion of grade unknown is due to the incomplete information BCR received from the oncological care programs and/or laboratories for pathological anatomy. NOS: not otherwise specified. **: Various sources were used to classify the morphology codes: RARECAREnet Information Network on Rare Cancers, List of Rare Cancers (October 2015, retrieved from http://rarecarenet.istitutotumori.mi.it/rarecarenet/index.php/cancerlist), The Surveillance, Epidemiology, and End Results (SEER) Program - Breast Solid Tumor Rules (2018, update July 2019, retrieved from https://seer.cancer.gov/tools/solidtumor/Breast_STM.pdf), the World Health Organization Classification of Tumours Editorial Board & International Agency for Research on Cancer (2012) and personal communication with clinical experts. ***: Inflammatory breast cancer is registered in the BCR database with ICD-O-3 morphology code 8530/3. However, inflammatory breast cancer can also be identified based on TNM, i.e. cT4d cases. ****: Apocrine breast cancer is registered in the BCR database with ICD-O-3 morphology code 8401/3.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: tables 63-65, page 188-191.

Table 6. Tumour characteristics of operated patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | | our pital 460 | Campus 2 N=425 | | 3 | npus 3 =3 | | npus 4 =32 | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|---------------------|----------------------|------|---|-----------------|----|------------------|--|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | |
| Incidence years | | | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 89 | 19.3 | 87 | 20.5 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 2015 | 79 | 17.2 | 79 | 18.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 2016 | 90 | 19.6 | 89 | 20.9 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 2017 | 103 | 22.4 | 103 | 24.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| 2018 | 99 | 21.5 | 67 | 15.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 32 | 100.0 | |
| Clinical stage* | | | | | | | | | |
| c0~ | 4 | 0.9 | 4 | 1.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| cIA | 224 | 51.1 | 215 | 53.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 30.0 | |
| cIIA | 129 | 29.5 | 118 | 29.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 11 | 36.7 | |
| cIIB | 49 | 11.2 | 43 | 10.6 | 2 | 66.7 | 4 | 13.3 | |
| cIIIA | 14 | 3.2 | 12 | 3.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.7 | |
| cIIIB | 16 | 3.7 | 11 | 2.7 | 1 | 33.3 | 4 | 13.3 | |
| cIIIC | 2 | 0.5 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| cIV | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Unknown | 22 | 4.8 | 20 | 4.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | |
| Pathological stage*₂ ^s | | | | | | | | | |
| Patients who had surgery | 460 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | |
| (y)p0 | 11 | 2.5 | 8 | 1.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 10.7 | |
| (y)pIA | 201 | 45.3 | 194 | 47.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 25.0 | |
| (у)рІВ | 13 | 2.9 | 13 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| (y)pIIA | 111 | 25.0 | 99 | 24.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 12 | 42.9 | |
| (y)pIIB | 48 | 10.8 | 44 | 10.7 | 1 | 33.3 | 3 | 10.7 | |

| | Your Hospital N= 460 | | Campus 2 N=425 | | Campus 3 N=3 | | 4 | npus 4 =32 | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------|----------------------|------|--------------------|------|----|------------------|--|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | |
| (y)pIIIA | 40 | 9.0 | 38 | 9.2 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.6 | |
| (у)ШВ | 5 | 1.1 | 4 | 1.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| (y)pIIIC | 12 | 2.7 | 11 | 2.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.6 | |
| (y)pIV | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| ypis | 3 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.6 | |
| Unknown | 16 | 3.5 | 12 | 2.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | |
| Combined stage $*^{\delta}$ | | | | | | | | | |
| (y)0~ | 11 | 2.4 | 8 | 1.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.7 | |
| (y)IA | 203 | 44.2 | 196 | 46.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 22.6 | |
| (у)ІВ | 13 | 2.8 | 13 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| (y)IIA | 117 | 25.5 | 104 | 24.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 41.9 | |
| (y)IIB | 48 | 10.5 | 44 | 10.4 | 1 | 33.3 | 3 | 9.7 | |
| (y)IIIA | 43 | 9.4 | 41 | 9.6 | 1 | 33.3 | 1 | 3.2 | |
| (у)ШВ | 8 | 1.7 | 5 | 1.2 | 1 | 33.3 | 2 | 6.5 | |
| (y)IIIC | 13 | 2.8 | 12 | 2.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.2 | |
| (y)IV | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| yis | 3 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.2 | |
| Unknown | 1 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | |
| Grade | | | | | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 24 | 5.2 | 22 | 5.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | |
| Moderately differentiated | 210 | 45.7 | 195 | 45.9 | 1 | 33.3 | 14 | 43.8 | |
| Poorly differentiated | 220 | 47.8 | 203 | 47.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 15 | 46.9 | |
| Unknown | 6 | 1.3 | 5 | 1.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | |

*: percentages for stages 0-IV were calculated excluding the unknown category. \mathfrak{L} : only includes patients who underwent surgery. $\tilde{}$: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For IBC, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection. δ : patients might have had neoadjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x). The combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage. The high proportion of grade unknown is due to the incomplete information BCR received from the oncological care programs and/or laboratories for pathological anatomy.

2.3. Main diagnostic and staging procedures

Table 7. Diagnostic and staging procedures for patients with DCIS or invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of diagnosis, at hospital level

| | DCI N=6 | | Invasiv N=57 | |
|--|------------|-------|-----------------|------|
| | Ν | % | N | % |
| Puncture and/or biopsy | | | | |
| Overall* | 59 | 98.3 | 565 | 99.1 |
| Breast biopsy | 59 | 98.3 | 562 | 98.6 |
| Incision biopsy | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.5 |
| Core biopsy | 20 | 33.3 | 551 | 96.7 |
| Vacuum assisted biopsy | 44 | 73.3 | 19 | 3.3 |
| Breast puncture ™ | 3 | 5.0 | 30 | 5.3 |
| Lymph node puncture | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 0.9 |
| Cytohisto-pathological examination | | | | |
| Overall* | 60 | 100.0 | 569 | 99.8 |
| Cytological examination | 10 | 16.7 | 239 | 41.9 |
| Immunohistochemical examination (general) ^o | 59 | 98.3 | 568 | 99.6 |
| Anatomo-pathological examinations | 60 | 100.0 | 569 | 99.8 |
| Biopsy specimens | 59 | 98.3 | 564 | 98.9 |
| Resection specimens | 56 | 93.3 | 440 | 77.2 |
| Frozen section | 14 | 23.3 | 338 | 59.3 |
| HER2 in situ hybridization** | 1 | 1.7 | 515 | 90.4 |
| Genetic testing | | | | |
| BRCA (within -3 to +3 months of incidence) | 1 | 1.7 | 40 | 7.0 |
| BRCA (within -1 to +1 years of incidence) | 3 | 5.0 | 69 | 12.1 |
| BRCA (within -1 to +5 years of incidence) | 4 | 6.7 | 81 | 14.2 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. BC: breast cancer. HER2: Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2. BRCA: breast cancer gene. For nomenclature codes based on which diagnostic procedures were defined. Please see Appendix 8.1.3. *: for several diagnostic procedures the numbers of the subcategories do not add up as for some patients more than one type of staging/diagnostic procedure was billed. T: the interpretation of these results should be performed with caution since the pre-validation study indicated that codes for breast biopsy. breast puncture and lymph node puncture are used interchangeably in some Belgian hospitals (e.g. a FNAC of the axillary glands being coded as 'breast puncture' instead of 'lymph node puncture'). P: no specific code exists for immunohistochemical testing of HER2. An IHC HER2 testing could only be billed as part of the general immunohistochemical examination. Note that separate nomenclature codes do exist for testing the oestrogen and progesterone receptors (see Appendix 8.1.3), but since these codes didn't occur in the health insurance data of our study population, they could not be reported separately. ** according to the protocols prevailing in 2014-2018. An ISH test was only to be performed when the HER2 IHC test result was equivocal (score 2+) or 3+. Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 71, page 200.

Table 8. Imaging procedures performed within 3 months around incidence date, for patients with <u>DCIS or invasive breast cancer</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of diagnosis, at hospital level

| | DCI N=6 | | Invasiv N=57 | |
|---|------------|------|-----------------|------|
| | Ν | % | N | % |
| Imaging exclusively for breast | | | | |
| Overall* | 59 | 98.3 | 566 | 99.3 |
| Mammography and/or breast ultrasound | 59 | 98.3 | 564 | 98.9 |
| Mammography | 54 | 90.0 | 525 | 92.1 |
| Diagnostic mammography only | 31 | 51.7 | 411 | 72.1 |
| Screening mammography only | 6 | 10.0 | 58 | 10.2 |
| Diagnostic AND screening mammography | 18 | 30.0 | 58 | 10.2 |
| Breast ultrasound | 55 | 91.7 | 562 | 98.6 |
| MRI breast | 22 | 36.7 | 237 | 41.6 |
| Mammo and/or breast ultrasound combined with MRI breast | 22 | 36.7 | 235 | 41.2 |
| Imaging - other | | | | |
| Overall* | 23 | 38.3 | 547 | 96.0 |
| X-ray thorax | 14 | 23.3 | 154 | 27.0 |
| Abdominal ultrasound | 9 | 15.0 | 140 | 24.6 |
| X-ray thorax and abdominal ultrasound | 8 | 13.3 | 116 | 20.4 |
| SPECT and/or SPECT-CT and/or scintigraphy | 16 | 26.7 | 523 | 91.8 |
| SPECT | 12 | 20.0 | 521 | 91.4 |
| SPECT-CT | 4 | 6.7 | 19 | 3.3 |
| Scintigraphy | 9 | 15.0 | 21 | 3.7 |
| CT body [™] | 6 | 10.0 | 421 | 73.9 |
| PET-CT | 0 | 0.0 | 50 | 8.8 |
| CT and/or MRI brain | 3 | 5.0 | 14 | 2.5 |

| | | DCIS N=60 | | Invasive BC N=570 | | |
|----------|---|--------------|-----|----------------------|-----|--|
| | N | | % | N | % | |
| MRI body | | 1 | 1.7 | 24 | 4.2 | |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. BC: breast cancer. *: for several diagnostic procedures the numbers of the subcategories do not add up as for some patients more than one type of staging/diagnostic procedure was billed. All imaging as from start of treatment are excluded from this table. T: CT body performed within 14 days before the start of a radiotherapy series was excluded. Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 72, page 201.

2.4. Main therapeutic procedures

Table 9. Main treatment scheme for patients with <u>DCIS</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | Your Hospital N= 44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | pus own 1 |
|---|-----|---------------------------|----|---------------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|---|-----------------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 7 | 15.9 | 5 | 13.2 | 1 | 50.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 6 | 13.6 | 6 | 15.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < TT a/o ET | 6 | 13.6 | 6 | 15.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 26 | 59.1 | 23 | 60.5 | 1 | 50.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < RT + TT a/o ET | 26 | 59.1 | 23 | 60.5 | 1 | 50.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo/RT + TT a/o ET | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo/RT | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT + TT a/o ET < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT + TT a/o ET | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TT a/o ET < Surgery < chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) < Surgery (< TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Hosp | Your Hospital N= 44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | pus :3 | Campus Unknown N=1 | |
|---|------|---------------------------|---|---------------------|---|--------------------|---|-----------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| TT a/o ET < Surgery (< TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) < Surgery < chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery only | 3 | 6.8 | 3 | 7.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Primary systemic and/or radiotherapy (no surgery) | 1 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| ET a/o TT | 1 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo/RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

RT: radiotherapy; TT: targeted therapy; ET: endocrine therapy; Tx: treatment; a/o: and/or; <: followed by Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 75, page 206.

Table 10. Main treatment scheme for patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | Your Hospital N= 552 | | Campus 1 N=5 | | Campus 2 N=441 | | Campus 3 N=3 | | Campus 4 N=32 | | pus own 71 |
|---|-----|----------------------------|---|--------------------|-----|----------------------|---|--------------------|----|---------------------|---|------------------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 4 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 47 | 8.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 45 | 10.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < TT a/o ET | 28 | 5.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 26 | 5.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 19 | 3.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 19 | 4.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 344 | 62.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 325 | 73.7 | 3 | 100.0 | 16 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < RT + TT a/o ET | 225 | 40.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 212 | 48.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 40.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo/RT + TT a/o ET | 106 | 19.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 101 | 22.9 | 2 | 66.7 | 3 | 9.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery < chemo/RT | 13 | 2.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 12 | 2.7 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 63 | 11.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 49 | 11.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 14 | 43.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT + TT a/o ET < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 20 | 3.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 16 | 3.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT + TT a/o ET | 14 | 2.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 2.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT < Surgery < RT or chemo/RT | 19 | 3.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 17 | 3.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TT a/o ET < Surgery < chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 5 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 3.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) < Surgery (< TT a/o ET) | 5 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| TT a/o ET < Surgery (< TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemo a/o RT (+ TT a/o ET) < Surgery < chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Yo Hosj N= | pital | Campus 1 N=5 | | Campus 2 N=441 | | Campus 3 N=3 | | Campus 4 N=32 | | Campus Unknown N=71 | |
|--|------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|----------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|---------------------|-----|---------------------------|-------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Surgery only | 2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Primary systemic and/or radiotherapy (no surgery) | 92 | 16.7 | 5 | 100.0 | 16 | 3.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 71 | 100.0 |
| ET a/o TT | 41 | 7.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 41 | 57.7 |
| Chemo (+ TT a/o ET) | 18 | 3.3 | 5 | 100.0 | 13 | 2.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 30 | 5.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30 | 42.3 |
| Chemo/RT (+ TT a/o ET) | 3 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 0.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

RT: radiotherapy; TT: targeted therapy; ET: endocrine therapy; Tx: treatment; a/o: and/or; <: followed by Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 76, page 208.

Table 11. Surgical procedures for patients with <u>DCIS</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Your Hospital N=44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | Cam Unkne N= | own |
|--|--------------------------|------|---------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|-----|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Breast surgery | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 43 | 97.7 | 38 | 100.0 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Breast conserving surgery (BCS)* | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 39 | 88.6 | 34 | 89.5 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS for benign breast lesion | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS without SLNB or ALND | 25 | 56.8 | 22 | 57.9 | 2 | 100.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS with SLNB without ALND | 16 | 36.4 | 14 | 36.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS with SLNB and possibly ALND | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy* | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 7 | 15.9 | 7 | 18.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy without SLNB or ALND | 3 | 6.8 | 3 | 7.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy with SLNB without ALND | 3 | 6.8 | 3 | 7.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy with SLNB and possibly ALND | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| First surgery | | | | | | | | | | |
| BCS | 39 | 88.6 | 34 | 89.5 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS (stricto sensu) | 39 | 88.6 | 34 | 89.5 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery for benign breast lesions | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Excision biopsy | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery leading to accidental findings | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Hosp | Your Hospital N=44 | | lospital 2 | | 2 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | pus own 1 |
|--|------|--------------------------|---|------------|---|-----|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|--|-----------------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | | |
| Mastectomy | 4 | 9.1 | 4 | 10.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| Lymph node surgery (separate nomenclature codes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SLNB | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | | |
| ALND | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | | |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. BCS: breast conserving surgery. SLNB: sentinel lymph node biopsy. ALND: axillary lymph node dissection. *: note that the subchapter 'Overall' in the chapters 'BCS' and 'Mastectomy' are not the sum of the other subchapters as for some patients more than one type of breast conserving surgery or mastectomy was billed. The subchapter 'Overall' will thus contain as many or less patients than the sum of the other subchapters.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 77, page 210.

Table 12. Surgical procedures for patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | | our pital 552 | Cam 1 N= | | Campus 2 N=441 | | Campus 3 N=3 | | Campus 4 N=32 | | Cam Unkno N=7 | own |
|--|-----|---------------------|----------------|-----|----------------------|------|--------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|-----|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Breast surgery | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 460 | 83.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 425 | 96.4 | 3 | 100.0 | 32 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Breast conserving surgery (BCS)* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 365 | 66.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 342 | 77.6 | 1 | 33.3 | 22 | 68.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS for benign breast lesion | 2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS without SLNB or ALND | 31 | 5.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 28 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 9.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS with SLNB without ALND | 295 | 53.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 278 | 63.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 17 | 53.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS with SLNB and possibly ALND | 57 | 10.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 53 | 12.0 | 1 | 33.3 | 3 | 9.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy* | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 105 | 19.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 92 | 20.9 | 2 | 66.7 | 11 | 34.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy without SLNB or ALND | 12 | 2.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy with SLNB without ALND | 44 | 8.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 40 | 9.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Mastectomy with SLNB and possibly ALND | 51 | 9.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 44 | 10.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 5 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| First surgery | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BCS | 365 | 66.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 342 | 77.6 | 1 | 33.3 | 22 | 68.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| BCS (stricto sensu) | 363 | 65.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 340 | 77.1 | 1 | 33.3 | 22 | 68.8 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery for benign breast lesions | 2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Excision biopsy | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Surgery leading to accidental findings | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Yo Hos N= | pital | Cam 1 N= | | | npus 2 441 | : | npus 3 =3 | 4 | npus 4 :32 | Cam Unkn N=7 | own |
|--|-----------------|-------|----------------|-----|----|------------------|---|-----------------|----|------------------|--------------------|-----|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Mastectomy | 95 | 17.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 83 | 18.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 10 | 31.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Lymph node surgery (separate nomenclature codes) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| SLNB | 19 | 3.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 15 | 3.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 12.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| ALND | 11 | 2.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 10 | 2.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 1.4 |

BCS: breast conserving surgery. SLNB: sentinel lymph node biopsy. ALND: axillary lymph node dissection. *: note that the subchapter 'Overall' in the chapters 'BCS' and 'Mastectomy' are not the sum of the other subchapters as for some patients more than one type of breast conserving surgery or mastectomy was billed. The subchapter 'Overall' will thus contain as many or less patients than the sum of the other subchapters.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 78, page 212.

Table 13. Radiotherapy for patients with <u>DCIS</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Your Hospital N=44 | | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------|---------------------|------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|-------------------|-----|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Radiotherapy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 34 | 77.3 | 29 | 76.3 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| Before surgery | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant | 34 | 79.1 | 29 | 76.3 | 2 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | |
| In non-operated patients | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. Percentages of adjuvant radiotherapy and radiotherapy given before surgery are calculated on the total number of operated patients. Percentages 'In non-operated patients' are calculated on the total number of non-operated patients.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 79, page 214.

Table 14. Radiotherapy for patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | our pital 552 | Cam 1 N= | | | npus 2 441 | | npus 3 =3 | 4 | npus 4 :32 | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|--------------------------|-----|---------------------|----------------|-----|-----|------------------|---|------------------|----|------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Radiotherapy | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 438 | 79.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 377 | 85.5 | 3 | 100.0 | 28 | 87.5 | 30 | 42.3 |
| Operated patients | 460 | | 0 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | 0 | |
| Before surgery | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant | 405 | 88.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 374 | 88.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 28 | 87.5 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 92 | | 5 | | 16 | | 0 | | 0 | | 71 | |
| In non-operated patients | 33 | 35.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 18.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 30 | 42.3 |

Percentages of adjuvant radiotherapy and radiotherapy given before surgery are calculated on the total number of operated patients. Percentages 'In non-operated patients' are calculated on the total number of non-operated patients.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 80, page 214.

Table 15. Systemic treatment for patients with <u>DCIS</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | | our pital 44 | Cam 2 N= | | Cam 3 N= | } | Cam 4 N= | | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|--------------------------------|----|--------------------|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|----------------|-----|-------------------|-----|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Targeted therapy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall (anti-HER2 and other) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | |
| In non-operated patients | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Anti-HER2 only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | |
| In non-operated patients | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemotherapy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 1 | 2.3 | 1 | 2.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Hos | our pital =44 | Campus 2 N=38 | | Campus 3 N=2 | | Campus 4 N=3 | | Campus Unknown N=1 | |
|--------------------------------|-----|---------------------|---------------------|------|--------------------|------|--------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Non-operated patients | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | |
| In non-operated patients | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Endocrine therapy | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 34 | 77.3 | 30 | 78.9 | 1 | 50.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 1 | 100.0 |
| Operated patients | 43 | | 38 | | 2 | | 3 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 33 | 76.7 | 30 | 78.9 | 1 | 50.0 | 2 | 66.7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 1 | | 0 | | 0 | | 0 | | 1 | |
| In non-operated patients | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 1 | 100.0 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. HER2: Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2. Percentages of (neo-)adjuvant treatment are calculated on the total number of operated patients. Percentages 'In non-operated patients' are calculated on the total number of non-operated patients.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 81, page 215.

Table 16. Systemic treatment for patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment, at campus level

| | Hos | our pital 552 | | npus 1 I=5 | : | 1pus 2 441 | | npus 3 I=3 | | npus 4 :32 | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|--------------------------------|-----|---------------------|---|------------------|-----|------------------|---|------------------|----|------------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Targeted therapy | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall (anti-HER2 and other) | 95 | 17.2 | 3 | 60.0 | 77 | 17.5 | 1 | 33.3 | 5 | 15.6 | 9 | 12.7 |
| Operated patients | 460 | | 0 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 50 | 10.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 49 | 11.5 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 21 | 4.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 16 | 3.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 92 | | 5 | | 16 | | 0 | | 0 | | 71 | |
| In non-operated patients | 24 | 26.1 | 3 | 60.0 | 12 | 75.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 9 | 12.7 |
| Anti-HER2 only | 82 | 14.9 | 2 | 40.0 | 74 | 16.8 | 1 | 33.3 | 5 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 460 | | 0 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 49 | 10.7 | 0 | 0.0 | 48 | 11.3 | 1 | 33.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 21 | 4.6 | 0 | 0.0 | 16 | 3.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 5 | 15.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Non-operated patients | 92 | | 5 | | 16 | | 0 | | 0 | | 71 | |
| In non-operated patients | 12 | 13.0 | 2 | 40.0 | 10 | 62.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Chemotherapy | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 218 | 39.5 | 5 | 100.0 | 194 | 44.0 | 3 | 100.0 | 16 | 50.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Operated patients | 460 | | 0 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 56 | 12.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 43 | 10.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 13 | 40.6 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 139 | 30.2 | 0 | 0.0 | 133 | 31.3 | 3 | 100.0 | 3 | 9.4 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and adjuvant | 2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |

| | Yo Hosj N= | | | npus 1 I=5 | | npus 2 :441 | 3 | npus 3 =3 | 4 | npus 1 32 | Cam Unkn N= | own |
|--------------------------|------------------|------|---|------------------|-----|-------------------|---|-----------------|----|-----------------|-------------------|------|
| | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % | Ν | % |
| Non-operated patients | 92 | | 5 | | 16 | | 0 | | 0 | | 71 | |
| In non-operated patients | 21 | 22.8 | 5 | 100.0 | 16 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Endocrine therapy | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 473 | 85.7 | 2 | 40.0 | 374 | 84.8 | 2 | 66.7 | 27 | 84.4 | 68 | 95.8 |
| Operated patients | 460 | | 0 | | 425 | | 3 | | 32 | | 0 | |
| Neo-adjuvant only | 2 | 0.4 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Adjuvant only | 390 | 84.8 | 0 | 0.0 | 363 | 85.4 | 2 | 66.7 | 25 | 78.1 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Both neo-adjuvant and | 6 | 1.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 4 | 0.9 | 0 | 0.0 | 2 | 6.3 | 0 | 0.0 |
| adjuvant | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-operated patients | 92 | | 5 | | 16 | | 0 | | 0 | | 71 | |
| In non-operated patients | 75 | 81.5 | 2 | 40.0 | 5 | 31.3 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 68 | 95.8 |

HER2: Human epidermal growth factor receptor 2. Percentages of (neo-)adjuvant treatment are calculated on the total number of operated patients. Percentages 'In non-operated patients' are calculated on the total number of non-operated patients.

Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 82, page 217.

<u>3. Process indicator results</u> <u>3.1. Quality of diagnosis and staging</u>

Table 17a. Breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with breast cancer for whom a valid cTNM stage is reported to the Belgian Cancer Registry (BCR) in Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of diagnosis.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 17), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | | DCIS | | | Invasive BC | |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | | |
| Overall | 3 973 | 2 646 | 66.6 | 46 035 | 40 868 | 88.8 |
| Your hospital | | | | | | |
| Overall | 60 | 49 | 81.7 | 570 | 544 | 95.4 |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ; BC : breast cancer.

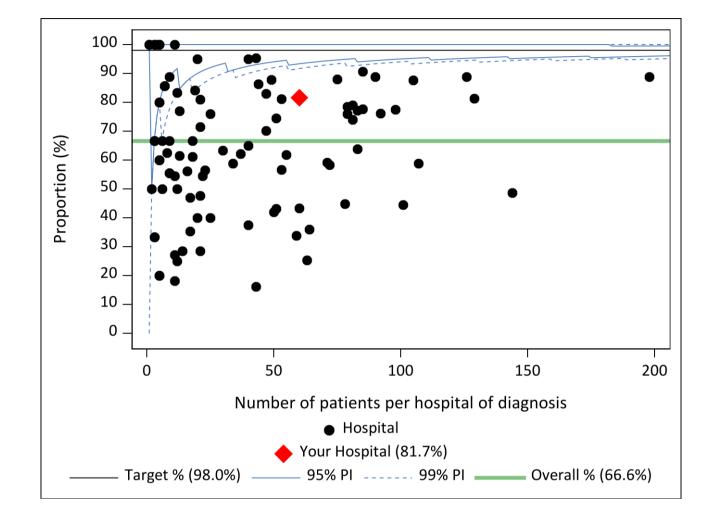
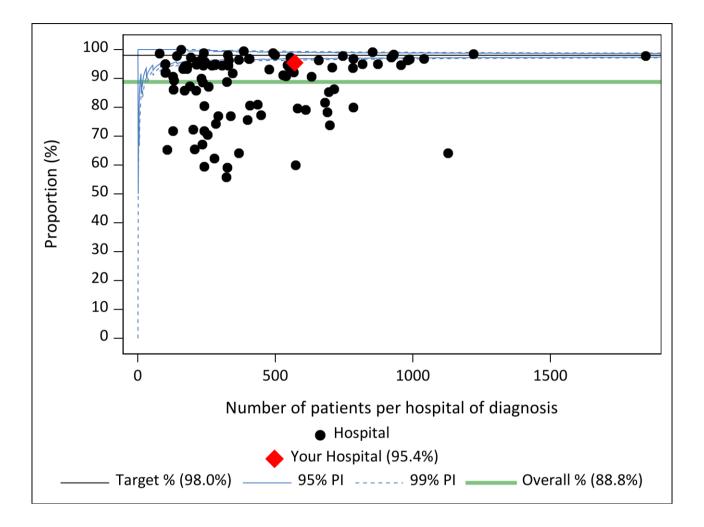


Figure 9: Proportion of women with <u>DCIS</u> for whom a valid cTNM stage is reported to the Belgian Cancer Registry (BCR), by hospital of diagnosis

Note: there were 98 hospitals reported in the funnel plot, with 76/98 below the 99% PI. 27 hospitals had less than ten patients in the denominator. N=138 patients could not be allocated to a hospital and are thus not represented in the funnel plot.

Figure 10: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> for whom a valid cTNM stage is reported to the Belgian Cancer Registry (BCR), by hospital of diagnosis



Note: there were 100 hospitals reported in the funnel plot, with 72/100 below 99 % PI. There were no hospitals with less than ten patients in the denominator. N=1 859 patients could not be allocated to a hospital and are thus not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 17b. DCIS (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>DCIS</u> who had surgery for whom the (y)pTNM stage is reported to the Belgian Cancer Registry (BCR) in Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 17), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | | | DCIS | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 3 809 | 3 556 | 93.4 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 2 832 | 2 663 | 94.0 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 188 | 174 | 92.6 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 782 | 712 | 91.0 |
| Campus unknown | | | 7 | 7 | 100.0 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 43 | 41 | 95.3 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 38 | 37 | 97.4 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 2 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 3 | 2 | 66.7 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 0 | - | - |

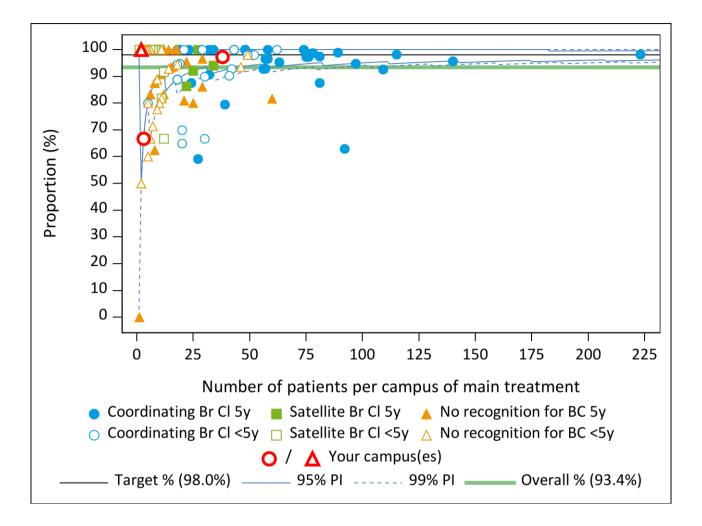
DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ.

Table 17c. Invasive Breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> who had surgery for whom the (y)pTNM stage is reported to the Belgian Cancer Registry (BCR) in Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 17), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

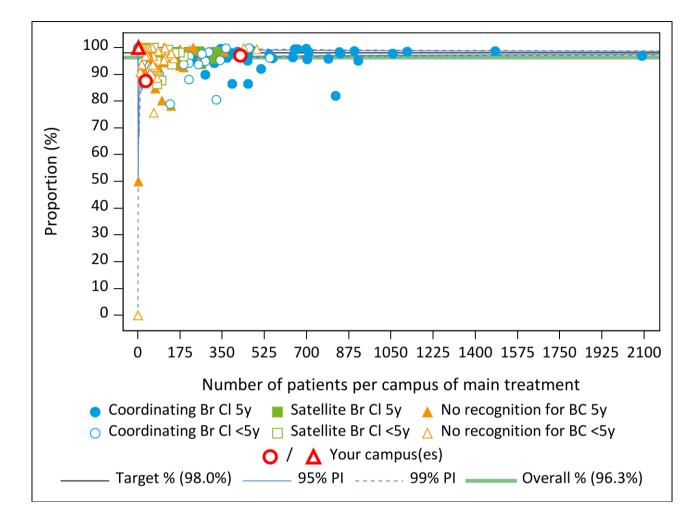
| | Campus characteristics | | | nvasive BC | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 40 233 | 38 725 | 96.3 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 28 383 | 27 297 | 96.2 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 2 279 | 2 193 | 96.2 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 9 511 | 9 180 | 96.5 |
| Campus unknown | | | 60 | 55 | 91.7 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 460 | 444 | 96.5 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 425 | 413 | 97.2 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 32 | 28 | 87.5 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 0 | - | - |

Figure 11: Proportion of women with <u>DCIS</u> who had surgery, for whom the (y)pTNM stage is reported to the BCR, by campus of main treatment



Note: there were 155 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, including 65 having less than ten patients in the denominator. 15 out of 155 units were situated below the 99% prediction interval. 7 patients, who could not be assigned to a campus of main treatment, are not represented in the funnel plot.

Figure 12: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> who had surgery, for whom the (y)pTNM stage is reported to the BCR, by campus of main treatment



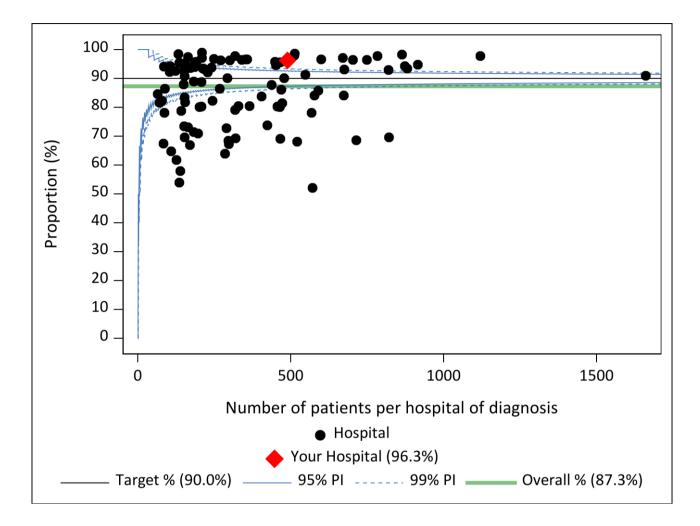
Note: there were 175 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, including 21 units with less than ten patients in denominator. 38 out of 175 units were situated below the 99% prediction interval. 60 patients, who could not be assigned to a campus of main treatment, are not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 18. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> for whom the time interval between the incidence date and the date of first treatment <= 6 weeks for Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of diagnosis

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 18), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | | Invasive BC | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | | | | | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 37 574 | 32 791 | 87.3 | | | | | | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 489 | 471 | 96.3 | | | | | | | |

Figure 13: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> for whom first treatment was initiated within 6 weeks (42 days) of incidence, by hospital of diagnosis



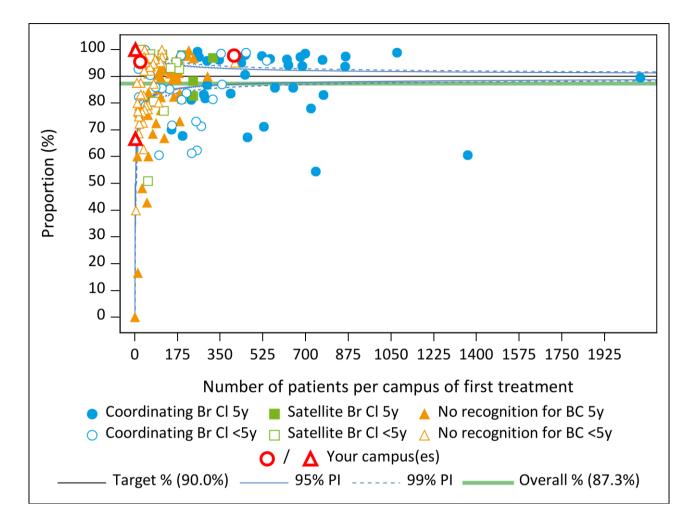
Note: there were 100 hospitals reported in the funnel plot, none of them having less than ten patients in the denominator. Forty out of hundred hospitals were situated below the 99% prediction interval. 1 354 patients, who could not be assigned to a centre of diagnosis, were not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 19. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> for whom the time interval between the incidence date and the date of first treatment <= 6 weeks for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of first treatment.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 18), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | | | Invasive BC | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 37 574 | 32 791 | 87.3 | | |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 25 692 | 22 386 | 87.1 | | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 994 | 1 807 | 90.6 | | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 8 171 | 7 295 | 89.3 | | |
| Campus unknown | | | 1 717 | 1 303 | 75.9 | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 457 | 441 | 96.5 | | |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 2 | 66.7 | | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 407 | 398 | 97.8 | | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 | | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 22 | 21 | 95.5 | | |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 22 | 17 | 77.3 | | |

Figure 14: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> for whom first treatment was initiated within 6 weeks (42 days) of incidence, by campus of first treatment



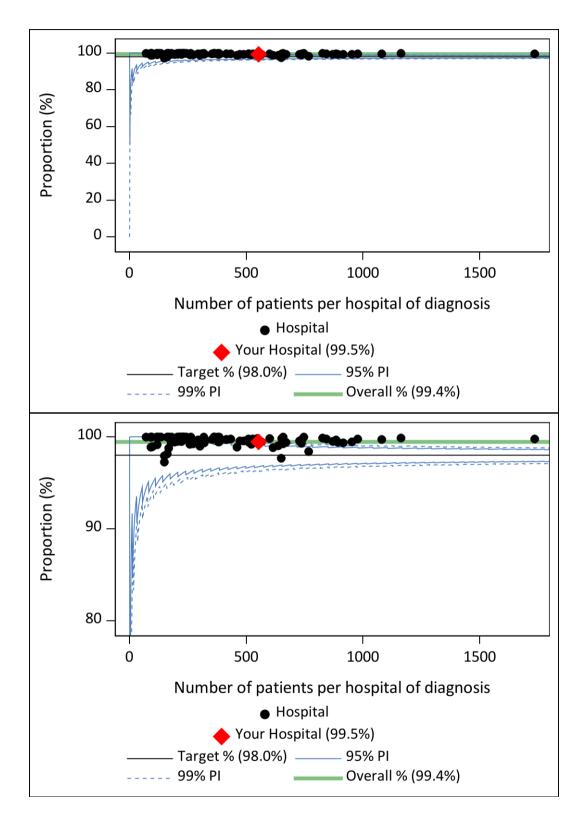
Note: there were 178 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, 19 of them having less than ten patients in the denominator. 43 out of 178 units were situated below the 99% prediction interval. 1 717 patients, who could not be assigned to a campus of first treatment, were not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 20. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> in whom HER2 status and/or oestrogen receptor (ER) and/or progesterone receptor (PR) status were assessed before any systemic treatment for Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of diagnosis

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 15), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | | Invasive BC | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | | | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 43 252 | 43 012 | 99.4 | | | | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 553 | 550 | 99.5 | | | | | |

Figure 15: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> treated with systemic therapy in whom HER2 status and/or ER and/or PR status was assessed before any systemic treatment (top) and zoom on the highest proportions (bottom), by hospital of diagnosis



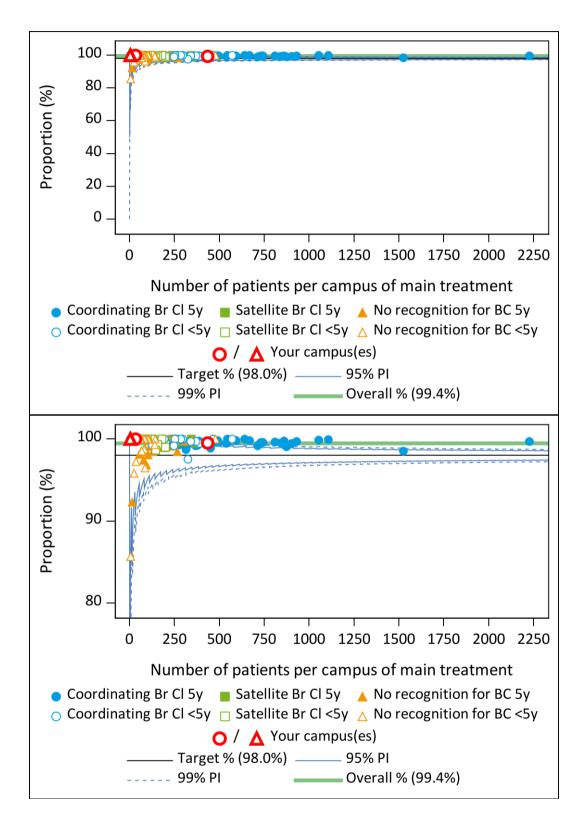
Note: there were 100 hospitals reported in the funnel plot, none of them having less than ten patients in denominator. No hospital was situated below the 99% prediction interval. 1 599 patients, who could not be assigned to a centre of diagnosis, were not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 21. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> in whom HER2 status and/or oestrogen receptor (ER) and/or progesterone receptor (PR) status were assessed before any systemic treatment for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 15), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 43 252 | 43 012 | 99.4 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 29 106 | 28 974 | 99.5 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 2 371 | 2 363 | 99.7 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 9 761 | 9 719 | 99.6 |
| Campus unknown | | | 2 014 | 1 956 | 97.1 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 543 | 540 | 99.4 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 5 | 5 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 435 | 433 | 99.5 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 32 | 32 | 100.0 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 68 | 67 | 98.5 |

Figure 16: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> treated with systemic therapy in whom HER2 status and/or ER and/or PR status was assessed before any systemic treatment (top) and zoom on the highest proportions (bottom), by campus of main treatment



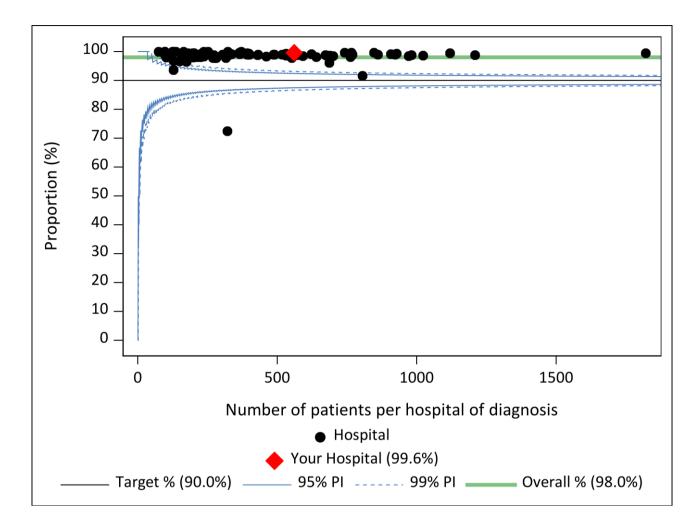
Note: there were 180 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, 24 of them having less than ten patients in denominator. No unit was situated below the 99% prediction interval, while 30 were situated above the 99% prediction interval. 2 014 patients, who could not be assigned to a campus of first treatment, were not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 22. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> with histological or cytological assessment before any treatment for Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of diagnosis

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 14), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | | Invasive BC | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | | | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 45 094 | 44 186 | 98.0 | | | | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | | |
| Overall, by hospital of diagnosis | 560 | 558 | 99.6 | | | | | |

Figure 17: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> with histological or cytological assessment before any treatment, by hospital of diagnosis



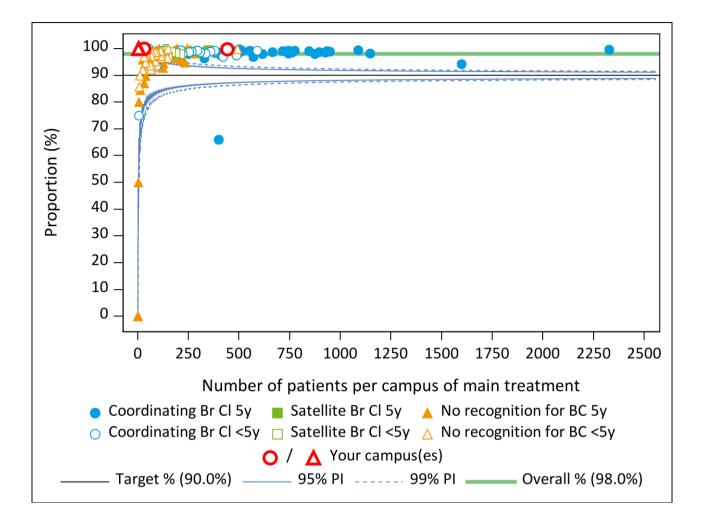
Note: there were 100 hospitals reported in the funnel plot. One out of hundred hospitals were situated below the 99% prediction interval, while 97 were situated above the 99% prediction interval. 1 719 patients, who could not be assigned to a centre of diagnosis, were not represented in the funnel plot.

Table 23. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer with histological or cytological assessment before any treatment for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 14), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 45 094 | 44 186 | 98.0 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 30 332 | 29 752 | 98.1 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 2 453 | 2 422 | 98.7 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 10 229 | 10 015 | 97.9 |
| Campus unknown | | | 2 080 | 1 997 | 96.0 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 552 | 550 | 99.6 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 5 | 5 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 441 | 440 | 99.8 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 32 | 32 | 100.0 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 71 | 70 | 98.6 |

Figure 18: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> with histological or cytological assessment before any treatment, by campus of main treatment



Note: there were 182 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, 25 of them having less than ten patients in denominator. One unit was situated below the 99% prediction interval. 2 080 patients, who could not be assigned to a campus of first treatment, were not represented in the funnel plot.

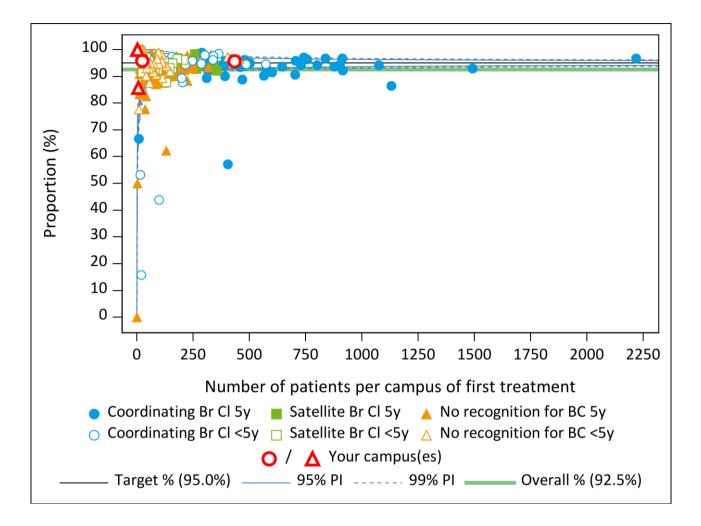
Table 24. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer who received mammography and breast sonography before any treatment for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of first treatment.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 13), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

Limitations due to the billing rules for ultrasound are clearly mentioned in KCE report 365, on page 61.

| | Campus characteristics | | | Invasive BC | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | |
| Belgium | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 45 094 | 41 727 | 92.5 | |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 29 235 | 27 329 | 93.5 | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 2 402 | 2 262 | 94.2 | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 10 153 | 9 477 | 93.3 | |
| Campus unknown | | | 3 304 | 2 659 | 80.5 | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 516 | 485 | 94.0 | |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 7 | 6 | 85.7 | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 434 | 415 | 95.6 | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 24 | 23 | 95.8 | |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 48 | 38 | 79.2 | |

Figure 19: Proportion of women with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> with mammography and breast sonography before any treatment, by campus of first treatment



Note: there were 184 units of analysis presented in the funnel plot, of which 20 had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period. 3 304 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the funnel plot.

3.2. Quality of treatment

3.2.1 Quality of surgery

Table 25. DCIS (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with DCIS who receive just one operation (excluding reconstruction) for Belgium and your campus, by campus of first surgery.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 21), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus character | istics | | | DCIS | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Type of su | irgery | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| | | | Γ | /lastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | |
| Taking both BCS and mastectomy together | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 3 779 | 816 | 2 963 | 3 242 | 85.8 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 2 817 | 629 | 2 188 | 2 434 | 86.4 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 185 | 43 | 142 | 154 | 83.2 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 772 | 142 | 630 | 651 | 84.3 |
| Campus unknown | | | 5 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 60.0 |
| When first surgery is BCS | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 2 963 | - | 2 963 | 2 452 | 82.8 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 2 188 | - | 2 188 | 1 827 | 83.5 |

| | Campus characteristics | | | | DCIS | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Type of su | irgery | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| | | | | Mastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 142 | - | 142 | 112 | 78.9 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 630 | - | 630 | 512 | 81.3 |
| Campus unknown | | | 3 | - | 3 | 1 | 33.3 |
| When first surgery is mastectomy | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 816 | 816 | - | 790 | 96.8 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 629 | 629 | - | 607 | 96.5 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 43 | 43 | - | 42 | 97.7 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 142 | 142 | - | 139 | 97.9 |
| Campus unknown | | | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 100.0 |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | |
| Taking both BCS and mastectomy together | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 43 | 4 | 39 | 37 | 86.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 38 | 4 | 34 | 32 | 84.2 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 3 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| When first surgery is BCS | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | . 39 | - | 39 | 33 | 84.6 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 34 | - | 34 | 28 | 82.4 |

| | Campus characteristics | | | | DCIS | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|-------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Denominator Activity period (N) Type o | | | rgery | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| | | | | Mastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | - | 2 | 2 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 3 | - | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| When first surgery is mastectomy | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 4 | 4 | - | · 4 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 4 | 4 | - | · 4 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | 0 | - | · - | - |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 0 | 0 | - | | - |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ.

100 -Proportion (%) 20 -0 -Number of patients per campus of first surgery Coordinating Br Cl 5y Satellite Br Cl 5y A No recognition for BC 5y \bigcirc Coordinating Br Cl <5y \square Satellite Br Cl <5y \land No recognition for BC <5y O / ▲ Your campus(es) Target % (90.0%) _____ 95% PI _____ 99% PI _____ Overall % (85.8%)

Figure 20: Proportion of women with DCIS who received just one operation (excluding reconstruction), by campus of first surgery

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ; 155 units of analysis presented in the funnel plot, of which 65 units had less than ten patients in the denominator. Nine units were situated below the 99% prediction interval, while two were situated above that interval. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the five-year study period. Five patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the funnel plot.

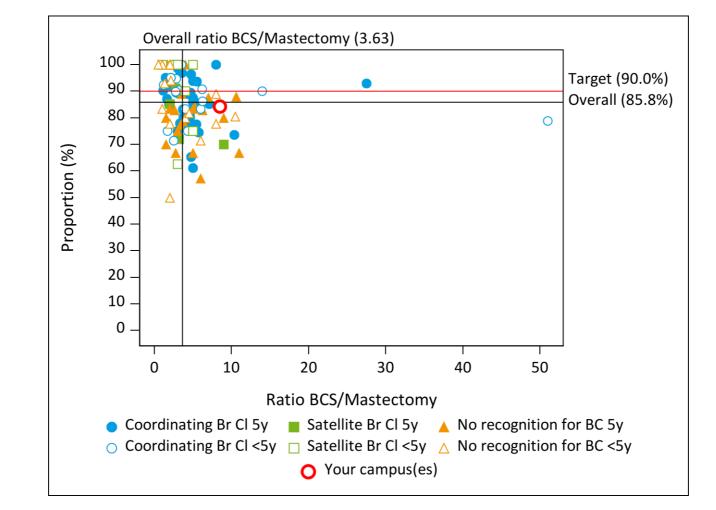


Figure 21: Proportion of women with DCIS who received just one operation (excluding reconstruction) versus the ratio BCS/mastectomy, by campus of first surgery

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ. There are 112 units of analysis reported in the graph: 53 coordinating breast clinics (active for 5 years: 36, active less than 5 years: 17), 12 satellite breast clinics (active for 5 years: 4, active less than 5 years: 8), 47 campuses without recognition for BC (active for 5 years: 31, active less than 5 years: 16). This graph presents 43 units of analysis (218 patients) less than the funnel plot because in these units there were either no BCS or no mastectomies performed, making the calculation of a ratio impossible. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the five-year study period. Five patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the graph. The quadrants are defined by the overall QI result and the overall ratio BCS/mastectomy.

Table 26. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of patients with <u>invasive breast cancer (M0)</u> who received a single (breast) operation for the primary tumour (excluding reconstruction) for Belgium and your campus, by campus of first surgery.

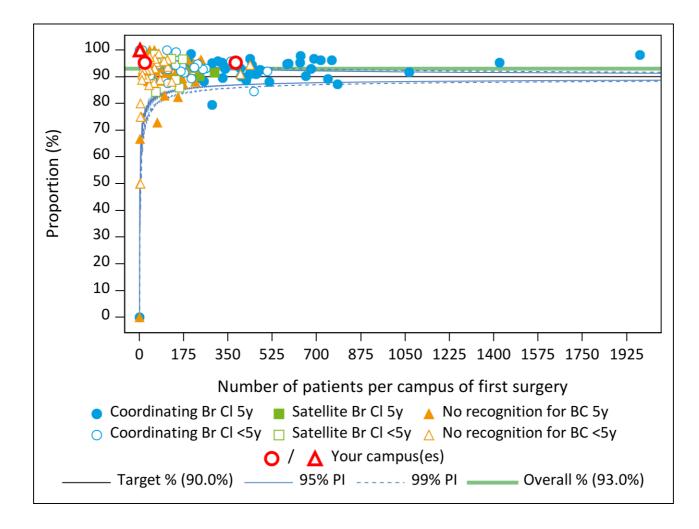
Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 22), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus character | ristics | | Inv | asive BC | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Type of su | irgery | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| | | | | Mastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | |
| Taking both BCS and mastectomy together | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 33 015 | 10 063 | 22 952 | 30 696 | 93.0 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 23 696 | 7 401 | 16 295 | 22 097 | 93.3 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 817 | 441 | 1 376 | 1 671 | 92.0 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 7 460 | 2 211 | 5 249 | 6 905 | 92.6 |
| Campus unknown | | | 42 | 10 | 32 | 23 | 54.8 |
| When first surgery is BCS | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 22 952 | - | 22 952 | 20 815 | 90.7 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 16 295 | - | 16 295 | 14 826 | 91.0 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 376 | - | 1 376 | 1 241 | 90.2 |

| | Campus characteristics | | | | Invasive BC | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Type of su | irgery | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | |
| | | | | Mastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 5 249 | - | 5 249 | 4 733 | 90.2 | |
| Campus unknown | | | 32 | - | 32 | 15 | 46.9 | |
| When first surgery is mastectomy | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 10 063 | 10 063 | - | 9 881 | 98.2 | |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 7 401 | 7 401 | - | 7 271 | 98.2 | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 441 | 441 | - | 430 | 97.5 | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 2 211 | 2 211 | - | 2 172 | 98.2 | |
| Campus unknown | | | 10 | 10 | - | 8 | 80.0 | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | | |
| Taking both BCS and mastectomy together | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 403 | 80 | 323 | 384 | 95.3 | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 380 | 73 | 307 | 362 | 95.3 | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 100.0 | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 21 | 6 | 15 | 20 | 95.2 | |
| When first surgery is BCS | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 323 | - | 323 | 304 | 94.1 | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 307 | - | 307 | 289 | 94.1 | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 15 | - | 15 | 14 | 93.3 | |

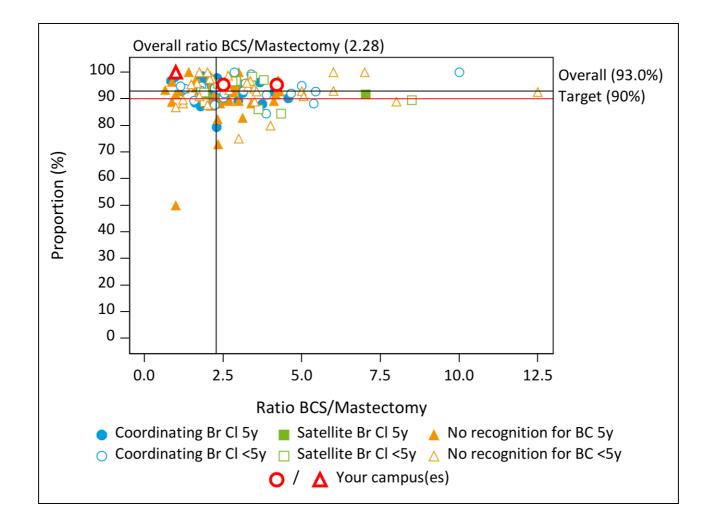
| | Campus characteristics | Invasive BC | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | D Activity period | Denominator Activity period (N) T | | | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| | | | | Mastectomy (N) | BCS (N) | | |
| When first surgery is mastectomy | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 80 | 80 | - | . 80 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 73 | 73 | - | . 73 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 1 | 1 | - | · 1 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 6 | 6 | | . 6 | 100.0 |

Figure 22: Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer who received just one operation (excluding reconstruction), by campus of first surgery



Note: there were 167 units of analysis reported in the funnel plot, of which twenty units had less than ten patients in the denominator. Four units were situated below the 99% prediction interval, while 28 were situated above that interval. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the five-year study period. 42 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the funnel plot.

Figure 23: Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer who received just one operation (excluding reconstruction) versus the ratio BCS/mastectomy, by campus of first surgery



Note: there are 155 units of analysis reported in the graph: 60 coordinating breast clinics (active for 5 years: 36, active less than 5 years: 24), 14 satellite breast clinics (active for 5 years: 4, active less than 5 years: 10), 81 campuses without recognition for BC (active for 5 years: 51, active less than 5 years: 30). This graph present twelve units (21 patients) less than the funnel plot because in these units there were either no BCS or no mastectomies performed, making the calculation of a ratio impossible. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the five-year study period. 42 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the funnel plot.

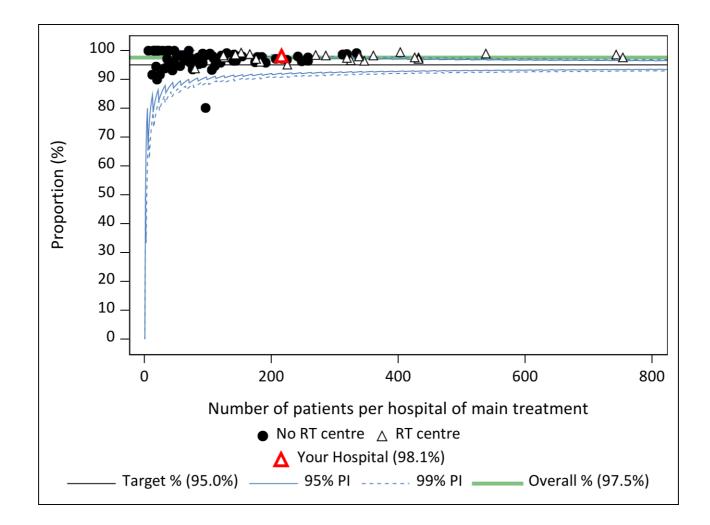
3.2.2 Quality of radiotherapy

Table 27. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women <70 years old with <u>invasive breast cancer (M0)</u> who started radiotherapy within 9 months after breast conserving surgery for Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of main treatment.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 23), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Invasive | Invasive, non-metastatic BC | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 15 670 | 15 283 | 97.5 | | | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 216 | 212 | 98.1 | | | | |

Figure 24: Proportion of women <70 years old with invasive breast cancer (MO) who started radiation therapy within 9 months after breast conserving surgery, by hospital of main treatment



Note: there were 98 hospitals reported in the funnel plot, one of them having less than ten patients in the denominator. 1 out of 100 hospitals was situated below the 99% prediction interval, while sixteen were situated above the 99% prediction interval. 25 hospitals are recognised as RT centre.

3.3. Descriptive indicators

Table 28. Breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with breast cancer discussed during a multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting for Belgium and your hospital, by hospital of diagnosis.

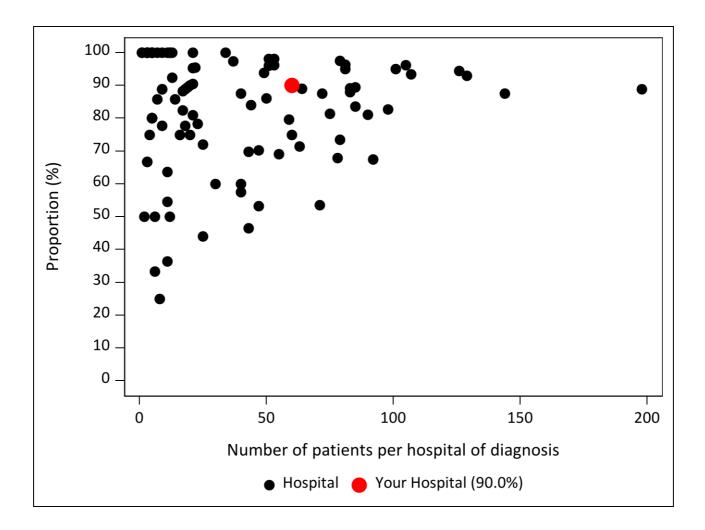
Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 16), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

Limitations due to billing rules for MDTs are clearly mentioned in KCE report 365, on page 61.

| | | DCIS | | | Invasive BC | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 3 973 | 3 320 | 83.6 | 46 035 | 41 480 | 90.1 | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | | |
| Overall | 60 | 54 | 90.0 | 570 | 550 | 96.5 | | |

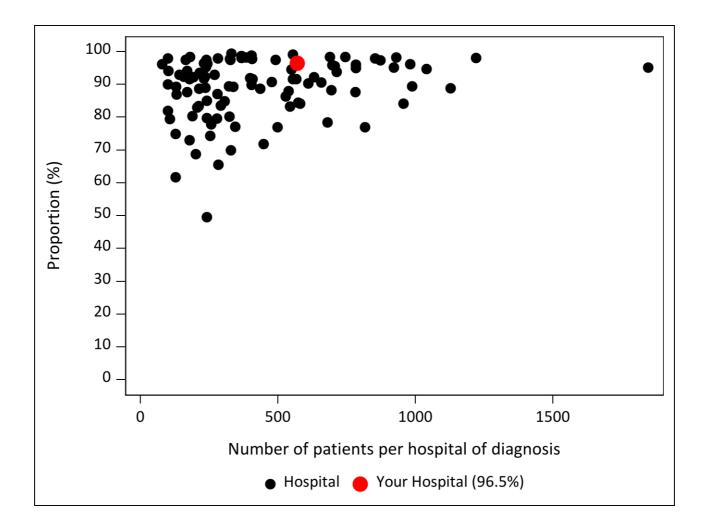
DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ; BC : breast cancer.

Figure 25: Proportion of women with ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS) for whom a multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting was charged within 1 month before until 2 months after incidence date, by hospital of diagnosis



Note: there were 98 hospitals reported in the scatter plot, including 27 hospitals having less than ten patients in denominator. 138 patients, who could not be assigned to a hospital of diagnosis, were not represented in the scatter plot.

Figure 26: Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer for whom a multidisciplinary team (MDT) meeting was charged within 1 month before until 2 months after incidence date, by hospital of diagnosis



Note: there were 100 hospitals reported in the scatter plot; 1 859 patients, who could not be assigned to a hospital of diagnosis, were not represented in the scatter plot.

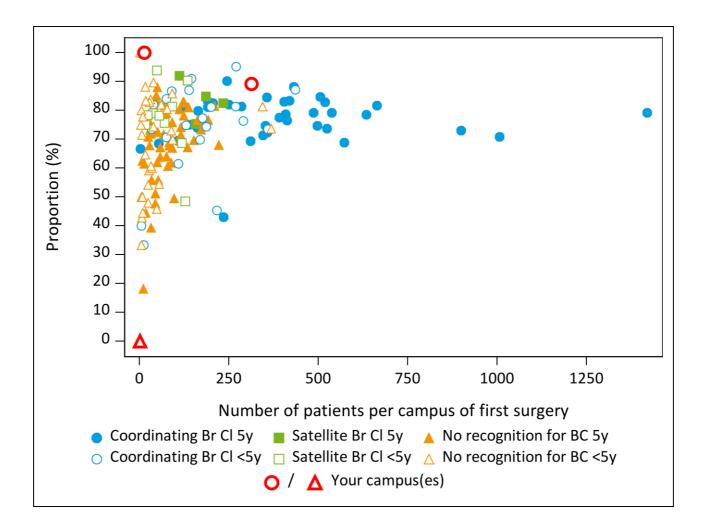
Table 29. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of patients with <u>invasive breast cancer</u> and clinically negative axilla who undergo sentinel lymph-node biopsy (SLNB) only (excluding patients who received neo-adjuvant systemic treatment) for Belgium and your campus, by campus of first surgery.

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 20), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

Given the non-specific existing nomenclature codes, it was difficult to calculate this process indicator with a high precision (it is impossible to make a distinction between patients having a ALND or those who have not based on nomenclature codes): that's the reason why it is only given as a descriptive indicator.

| | Campus characteristics | | Invasive BC | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | |
| Belgium | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 25 884 | 19 821 | 76.6 | |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 18 576 | 14 430 | 77.7 | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 411 | 1 112 | 78.8 | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 5 861 | 4 251 | 72.5 | |
| Campus unknown | | | 36 | 28 | 77.8 | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 327 | 292 | 89.3 | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 313 | 279 | 89.1 | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 1 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 13 | 13 | 100.0 | |

Figure 27: Proportion of women with invasive breast cancer and clinically negative axilla who underwent SLNB only (excluding pts who received neo-adjuvant systemic treatment), by campus of first surgery



Note: there were 163 units of analysis presented in the scatter plot, of which 21 had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period. 36 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the scatter plot.

Table 30. DCIS (2014-2018) - Proportion of women with DCIS who do not undergo axillary lymph node dissection (ALND) as first axillary surgery for Belgium and your campus, by campus of first surgery

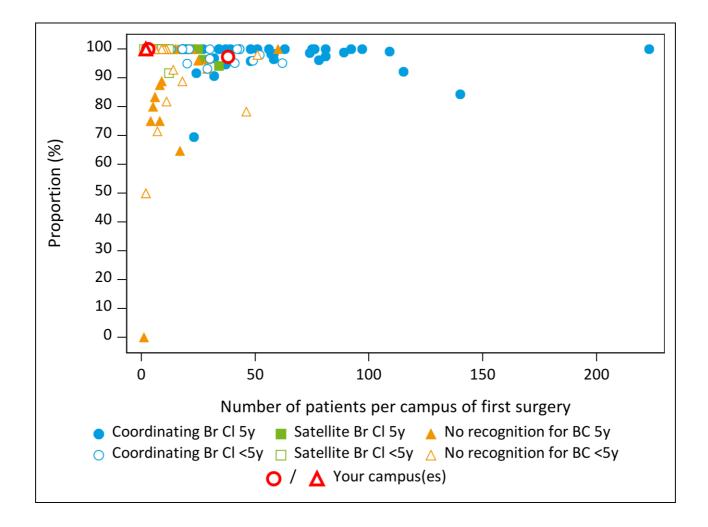
Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 19), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

Given the non-specific existing nomenclature codes, it was difficult to calculate this process indicator with a high precision (it is impossible to make a distinction between patients having a ALND or those who have not based on nomenclature codes): that's the reason why it is only given as a descriptive indicator.

| | Campus characteristics | | DCIS | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) | | |
| Belgium | | | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 3 809 | 3 691 | 96.9 | | |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 2 832 | 2 758 | 97.4 | | |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 188 | 184 | 97.9 | | |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 784 | 745 | 95.0 | | |
| Campus unknown | | | 5 | 4 | 80.0 | | |
| Your hospital | | | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 43 | 42 | 97.7 | | |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 38 | 37 | 97.4 | | |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 2 | 100.0 | | |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 | | |

DCIS: ductal carcinoma in situ.

Figure 28: Proportion of women with DCIS who did not receive ALND as first axillary surgery, by campus of first surgery



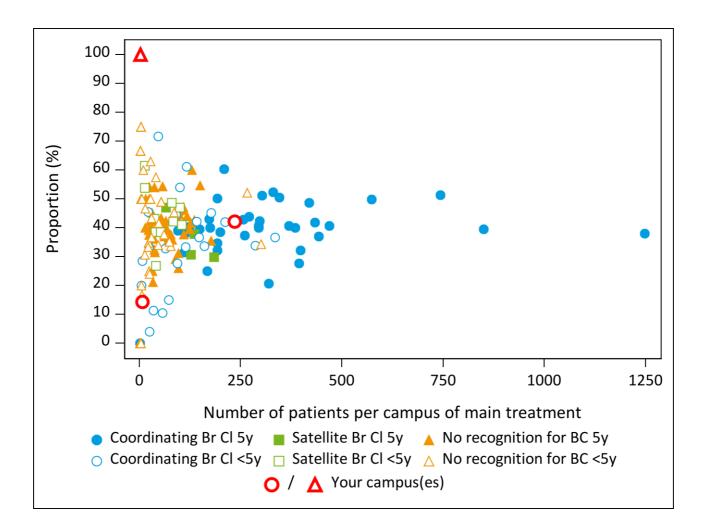
Note: there were 155 units of analysis presented in the scatter plot, of which 65 campuses had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period; 5 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the scatter plot.

Table 31a. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018): Proportion of women <70 years old with <u>invasive breast cancer (M0)</u> who received adjuvant chemotherapy for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 24), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | Campus characteristics | | | tic BC |
|---|---|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 20 080 | 8 177 | 40.7 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 14 437 | 5 866 | 40.6 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 075 | 417 | 38.8 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 4 546 | 1 891 | 41.6 |
| Campus unknown | | | 22 | 3 | 13.6 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 244 | 102 | 41.8 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 235 | 99 | 42.1 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 2 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 7 | 1 | 14.3 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 0 | - | - |

Figure 29: Proportion of women <70 years old with invasive breast cancer (M0) who received adjuvant chemotherapy within 4 months after surgery, by campus of main treatment



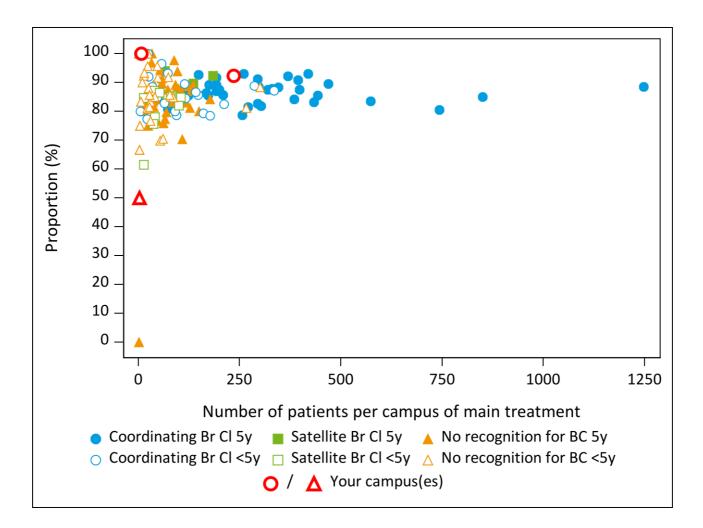
Note: there were 162 units of analysis presented in the scatter plot, of which 23 units had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period. 22 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the scatter plot.

Table 31b. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018): Proportion of women <70 years old with <u>invasive breast cancer (M0)</u> who received adjuvant endocrine therapy for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 24), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | Campus characteristics | | | tic BC |
|---|---|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 20 080 | 17 308 | 86.2 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 14 437 | 12 487 | 86.5 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 1 075 | 934 | 86.9 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 4 546 | 3 868 | 85.1 |
| Campus unknown | | | 22 | 19 | 86.4 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 244 | 225 | 92.2 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 235 | 217 | 92.3 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 2 | 1 | 50.0 |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 7 | 7 | 100.0 |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 0 | - | - |

Figure 30: Proportion of women <70 years old with invasive breast cancer (MO) who received adjuvant endocrine therapy within 9 months after surgery, by campus of main treatment



Note: there were 162 units of analysis presented in the scatter plot, of which 23 units had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period. 22 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the scatter plot.

Table 32. Invasive breast cancer (2014-2018) - Proportion of women <70 years old with metastatic breast cancer who received systemic therapy for Belgium and your hospital, by campus of main treatment

Note: if no patients were allocated to your hospital based on the indicated algorithm and the selection criteria described for a specific quality indicator (see KCE Report 365, Appendix 25), then no result will be shown for the quality indicator for your hospital in the table and your centre will not appear on the funnel plot for the quality indicator. If fewer than **10 patients** are allocated to your hospital for a specific quality indicator, the result should be interpreted with caution.

| | Campus characteristics | Invasiv | ve, metastatic | BC | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| | Recognition status | Activity period | Denominator (N) | Numerator (n) | QI-result n/N (%) |
| Belgium | | | | | |
| Overall | | | 1 572 | 1 458 | 92.7 |
| Coordinating breast clinics | | | 894 | 883 | 98.8 |
| Satellite breast clinics | | | 80 | 80 | 100.0 |
| Campus not recognised for breast cancer | | | 253 | 252 | 99.6 |
| Campus unknown | | | 345 | 243 | 70.4 |
| Your hospital | | | | | |
| Overall | - | - | 32 | 31 | 96.9 |
| Your campus 1 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 3 | 3 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 2 | Coordinating breast clinic | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 11 | 11 | 100.0 |
| Your campus 3 | Campus not recognised for breast cancer | Jan 2014 - Sep 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Your campus 4 | Coordinating breast clinic | Oct 2018 - Dec 2018 | 0 | - | - |
| Campus unknown | - | - | 18 | 17 | 94.4 |

100 -90 0 80 -0 70 -Proportion (%) 60 -50 -40 -30 -20 -10 0 -20 40 60 80 0 Number of patients per campus of main treatment • Coordinating Br Cl 5y
Satellite Br Cl 5y
No recognition for BC 5y

Figure 31: Proportion of women <70 year with metastatic breast cancer who received systemic therapy, by campus of main treatment

Note: there were 141 units of analysis presented in the scatter plot, of which 100 had less than 10 patients in the denominator. An open plot symbol is used when the recognition status or the number of beds changed during the 5-year study period. 345 patients for whom the campus could not be identified, are not represented in the scatter plot.

○ Coordinating Br Cl <5y \square Satellite Br Cl <5y \triangle No recognition for BC <5y ○ / ▲ Your campus(es)

4. Outcome indicator results

4.1. Observed survival

4.1.1. Unadjusted observed survival

Unadjusted observed survival results are considered less accurate when survival analyses were performed on the basis of less than 40 patients. It is not possible to draw meaningful conclusions based on such a small number "at risk". Therefore, unadjusted observed survival was not reported if your hospital or (one of) your campus(es) has (had) fewer than 40 patients assigned, or if any of the subgroups listed in the tables below included fewer than 40 patients.

4.1.1.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer

Table 33. Unadjusted observed survival probability for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

| | | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|---|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Your ospital | Campus 2 | | | impus known | | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | | | |
| Overall | 552 | 80.5 [76.8,83.7] | 441 | 89.3 [85.8,91.9] | 71 | 31.1 [20.0,42.7] | | | |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | | | | | |
| <40 years | 30 | NA (N<40) | 22 | NA (N<40) | 1 | NA (N<40) | | | |
| 40-49 years | 78 | 94.5 [85.9,97.9] | 71 | 95.6 [86.9,98.6] | 2 | NA (N<40) | | | |
| 50-59 years | 129 | 95.0 [89.0,97.7] | 115 | 96.5 [91.0,98.7] | 5 | NA (N<40) | | | |
| 60-69 years | 131 | 85.7 [78.1,90.8] | 106 | 94.8 [87.7,97.8] | 15 | NA (N<40) | | | |
| 70-79 years | 100 | 75.5 [65.2,83.1] | 77 | 85.5 [74.4,92.0] | 18 | NA (N<40) | | | |

| | | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|--|
| | | Your ospital | Ca | Campus 2 | | mpus known | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | | |
| 80+ years | 84 | 41.6 [30.2,52.6] | 50 | 56.2 [40.2,69.4] | 30 | NA (N<40) | | |
| WHO performance status at time of diagnosis | | | | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 8 | NA (N<40) | 3 | NA (N<40) | 3 | NA (N<40) | | |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 534 | 82.4 [78.7,85.5] | 437 | 89.2 [85.7,91.8] | 59 | 37.9 [24.8,50.9] | | |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 4 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 4 | NA (N<40) | | |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 4 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 4 | NA (N<40) | | |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | | |
| Missing | 2 | NA (N<40) | 1 | NA (N<40) | 1 | NA (N<40) | | |
| Cardiovascular comorbidity | | | | | | | | |
| Absent | 304 | 90.0 [85.9,93.0] | 257 | 94.3 [90.5,96.6] | 22 | NA (N<40) | | |
| Present | 248 | 68.8 [62.2,74.5] | 184 | 82.1 [75.2,87.2] | 49 | 20.4 [10.0,33.4] | | |
| Respiratory comorbidity | | | | | | | | |
| Absent | 503 | 80.6 [76.7,84.0] | 404 | 89.2 [85.6,92.0] | 62 | 30.9 [19.2,43.4] | | |
| Present | 49 | 79.6 [65.4,88.5] | 37 | NA (N<40) | 9 | NA (N<40) | | |
| Diabetes | | | | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|-------------------|--|
| | | Your ospital | Ca | Campus 2 | | impus known | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| Absent | 508 | 82.8 [79.1,85.9] | 414 | 89.6 [86.1,92.3] | 58 | 38. [26.3,51.3 | |
| Present | 44 | 54.5 [37.1,68.9] | 27 | NA (N<40) | 13 | NA (N<40 | |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 281 | 90.7 [86.5,93.6] | 239 | 94.2 [90.3,96.6] | 19 | NA (N<4(| |
| 1 | 204 | 72.8 [65.8,78.7] | 158 | 83.3 [76.0,88.6] | 33 | NA (N<40 | |
| 2 | 64 | 60.3 [46.5,71.6] | 42 | 82.1 [65.7,91.1] | 19 | NA (N<40 | |
| 3 | 3 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40 | |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to ncidence | | | | | | | |
| 0 days | 406 | 83.8 [79.5,87.2] | 329 | 89.1 [85.0,92.2] | 43 | 48. [32.3,63.3 | |
| 1-5 days | 98 | 81.8 [72.3,88.4] | 83 | 93.8 [85.7,97.4] | 11 | NA (N<40 | |
| 6-15 days | 27 | NA (N<40) | 19 | NA (N<40) | 6 | NA (N<40 | |
| >15 days | 21 | NA (N<40) | 10 | NA (N<40) | 11 | NA (N<40 | |
| ncidence year | | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 107 | 83.2 [74.6,89.0] | 88 | 93.2 [85.5,96.9] | 16 | NA (N<4(| |
| 2015 | 95 | 83.2 [74.0,89.3] | 85 | 89.4 [80.6,94.3] | 10 | NA (N<40 | |
| 2016 | 112 | 79.5 [70.7,85.8] | 93 | 90.3 [82.2,94.8] | 16 | NA (N<4(| |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Your ospital | Ca | ampus 2 | | mpus known | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| 2017 | 117 | 81.8 [72.7,88.1] | 105 | 85.3 [75.7,91.3] | 11 | NA (N<40) | |
| 2018 | 121 | NA (FU<5yr) | 70 | NA (FU<5yr) | 18 | NA (N<40) | |
| Combined stage ^s | | | | | | | |
| (y)0 [~] | 11 | NA (N<40) | 8 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)is | 3 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)I | 218 | 95.2 [90.8,97.5] | 209 | 95.6 [91.2,97.8] | 2 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)II | 178 | 82.2 [75.3,87.4] | 150 | 85.0 [77.9,90.0] | 11 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)III | 80 | 73.7 [62.1,82.3] | 60 | 87.6 [75.6,94.0] | 13 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)IV | 61 | 29.7 [18.4,41.8] | 12 | NA (N<40) | 45 | 26.9 [14.6,40.9] | |
| Unknown | 1 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| Differentiation grade | | | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 25 | NA (N<40) | 22 | NA (N<40) | 1 | NA (N<40) | |
| Moderately differentiated | 247 | 83.6 [78.1,87.8] | 199 | 91.7 [86.6,95.0] | 32 | NA (N<40) | |
| Poorly differentiated | 264 | 79.4 [73.8,83.9] | 215 | 87.3 [81.8,91.2] | 28 | NA (N<40) | |
| Unknown | 16 | NA (N<40) | 5 | NA (N<40) | 10 | NA (N<40) | |
| Treatment modality | | | | | | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 4 | NA (N<40) | 4 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 47 | 77.2 [60.2,87.6] | 45 | 76.8 [59.8,87.4] | 0 | NA (N<40) | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------------|--------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| | Your Hospital | | Campus 2 | | Campus Unknown | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 344 | 92.4 [88.8,94.9] | 325 | 93.6 [90.2,95.9] | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 63 | 93.1 [82.5,97.4] | 49 | 95.8 [84.2,98.9] | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| Surgery only | 2 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| Primary systemic and/or RT (no surgery) | 92 | 30.5 [20.9 <i>,</i> 40.6] | 16 | NA (N<40) | 71 | 31.1 [20.0,42.7] |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |

~: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For invasive breast cancer, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection; ⁶: patients might have had neo-adjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x); the combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage; RT: radiotherapy; Tx: treatment. Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 88, page 230.

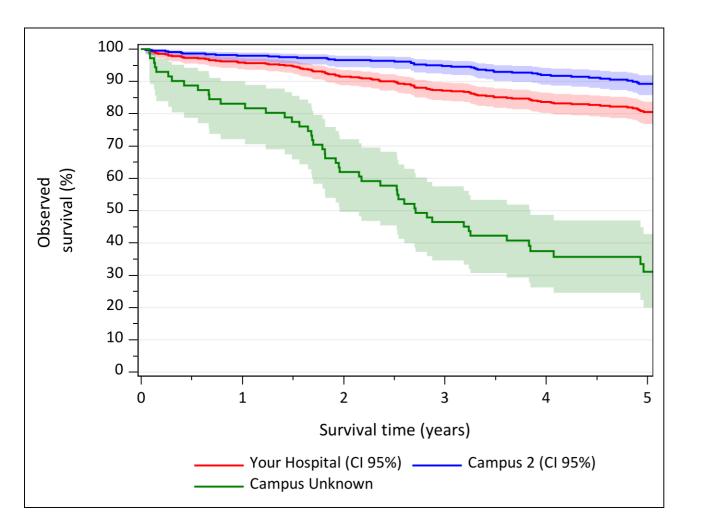


Figure 32: Unadjusted observed survival probability for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

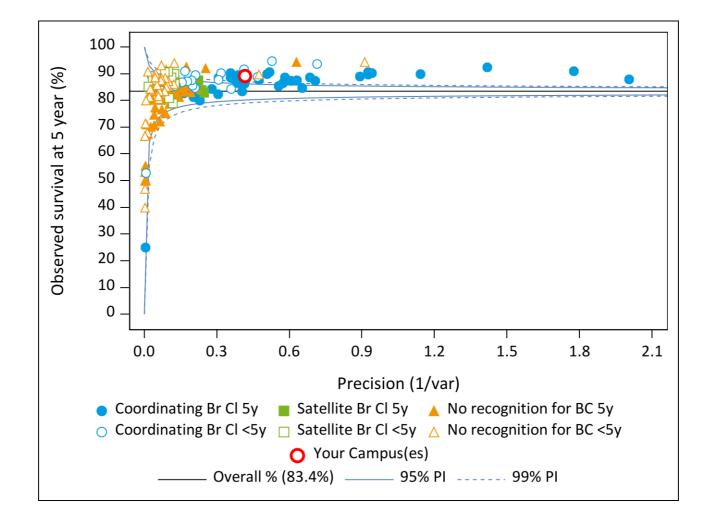


Figure 33: Unadjusted 5-year observed survival probability for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer, by campus of main treatment

To quantify the degree of heterogeneity among campuses, the reciprocal of the estimated effect variance (i.e. precision) was used instead of the volume (as was done for the other QIs). 161 units of analysis presented on the funnel plot. 16 units of analysis which did not achieve a follow-up of 5 years, are not presented on the funnel plot; 23 units of analysis with an observed survival of 0 or 100%, for which the precision does not exist, are not presented on the funnel plot. Note: The funnel plot, which illustrates the variability between the campuses, should be interpreted with caution. First, these results do not take the differences in case-mix between campuses into account. Secondly, the funnel is drawn around the national results of the whole 2014-2018 cohort of patients with IBC, which also includes a subgroup of patients who could not be assigned to a campus of main treatment. This subgroup, which represents six percent of the study cohort, had an overall survival of only 35% and thus 'pulled down' the reference line of the funnel, which is based on the national average. This gives the false impression that the funnel itself is positioned 'too low'.

4.1.1.2. For patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer who had surgery

Table 34. Unadjusted observed survival probability for operated patients diagnosed with <u>non-metastatic invasive breast cancer</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| | Your Hospital | | Campus 2 | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| Overall | 403 | 91.1 [87.6,93.7] | 380 | 91.8 [88.3,94.3] | |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | |
| <40 years | 19 | NA (N<40) | 17 | NA (N<40) | |
| 40-49 years | 60 | 96.4 [86.2,99.1] | 57 | 96.3 [85.9,99.1] | |
| 50-59 years | 106 | 98.1 [92.7,99.5] | 100 | 99.0 [93.1,99.9] | |
| 60-69 years | 100 | 96.4 [88.9,98.9] | 94 | 97.3 [89.2,99.3] | |
| 70-79 years | 73 | 85.9 [74.3,92.5] | 70 | 85.6 [73.9,92.4] | |
| 80+ years | 45 | 60.5 [43.2,73.9] | 42 | 63.0 [45.2,76.5] | |
| WHO performance status at time of diagnosis | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 4 | NA (N<40) | 3 | NA (N<40) | |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 398 | 91.0 [87.5,93.6] | 376 | 91.8 [88.2,94.3] | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| | | /our ospital | Campus 2 | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) | |
| Missing | 1 | NA (N<40) | 1 | NA (N<40) | |
| Cardiovascular comorbidity | | | | | |
| Absent | 231 | 96.2 [92.4,98.1] | 217 | 96.9 [93.2,98.6] | |
| Present | 172 | 84.2 [77.1,89.2] | 163 | 84.9 [77.7,89.8] | |
| Respiratory comorbidity | | | | | |
| Absent | 371 | 90.9 [87.1,93.6] | 349 | 91.7 [87.9,94.3] | |
| Present | 32 | NA (N<40) | 31 | NA (N<40) | |
| Diabetes | | | | | |
| Absent | 377 | 91.8 [88.2,94.3] | 357 | 92.3 [88.8,94.8] | |
| Present | 26 | NA (N<40) | 23 | NA (N<40) | |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | |
| 0 | 217 | 95.9 [91.9,98.0] | 204 | 96.7 [92.8,98.5] | |
| 1 | 145 | 85.8 [78.1,90.9] | 137 | 86.0 [78.2,91.2] | |
| 2 | 38 | NA (N<40) | 37 | NA (N<40) | |
| | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Your ospital | Campus 2 | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| 3 | 3 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) | |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | |
| 0 days | 306 | 90.3 [86.0,93.4] | 285 | 91.0 [86.6,93.9] | |
| 1-5 days | 73 | 98.5 [89.6,99.8] | 72 | 98.5 [89.6,99.8] | |
| 6-15 days | 16 | NA (N<40) | 15 | NA (N<40) | |
| >15 days | 8 | NA (N<40) | 8 | NA (N<40) | |
| Incidence year | | | | | |
| 2014 | 75 | 93.3 [84.7,97.2] | 74 | 93.2 [84.5,97.1] | |
| 2015 | 70 | 95.7 [87.3,98.6] | 70 | 95.7 [87.3,98.6] | |
| 2016 | 85 | 95.3 [87.9,98.2] | 84 | 95.2 [87.8,98.2] | |
| 2017 | 96 | 83.8 [73.3,90.5] | 96 | 83.8 [73.3,90.5] | |
| 2018 | 77 | NA (FU<5yr) | 56 | NA (FU<5yr) | |
| Combined stage ^δ | | | | | |
| (y)0 [~] | 9 | NA (N<40) | 7 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)is | 3 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) | |
| (y)I | 195 | 94.7 [89.9,97.2] | 190 | 95.1 [90.4,97.6] | |
| (y)II | 142 | 88.2 [81.1,92.8] | 132 | 87.8 [80.5,92.5] | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | | Your ospital | Campus 2 | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year |
| (y)III | 54 | 86.1 [72.7,93.2] | 49 | 88.9 [75.0,95.3] |
| (y)IV | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| Unknown | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| Differentiation grade | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 21 | NA (N<40) | 20 | NA (N<40) |
| Moderately differentiated | 187 | 92.6 [87.3,95.8] | 178 | 92.5 [87.0,95.7] |
| Poorly differentiated | 192 | 90.5 [85.0,94.0] | 179 | 92.2 [86.8,95.4] |
| Unknown | 3 | NA (N<40) | 3 | NA (N<40) |
| Treatment modality | | | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 4 | NA (N<40) | 4 | NA (N<40) |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 41 | 79.4 [60.9,89.8] | 39 | NA (N<40) |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 309 | 93.2 [89.6,95.7] | 297 | 93.7 [90.1,96.1] |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 47 | 90.9 [77.5,96.5] | 38 | NA (N<40) |
| Surgery only | 2 | NA (N<40) | 2 | NA (N<40) |
| Primary systemic and/or RT (no surgery) | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | NA (N<40) | 0 | NA (N<40) |

| Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|--------|--|
| | 'our spital | Campus 2 | | |
| N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |

~: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For invasive breast cancer, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection; δ: patients might have had neo-adjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x); the combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage; RT: radiotherapy; Tx: treatment. Overall results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 7, page 72. Figure 34: Unadjusted observed survival probability for operated patients diagnosed with <u>non-metastatic invasive breast cancer</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

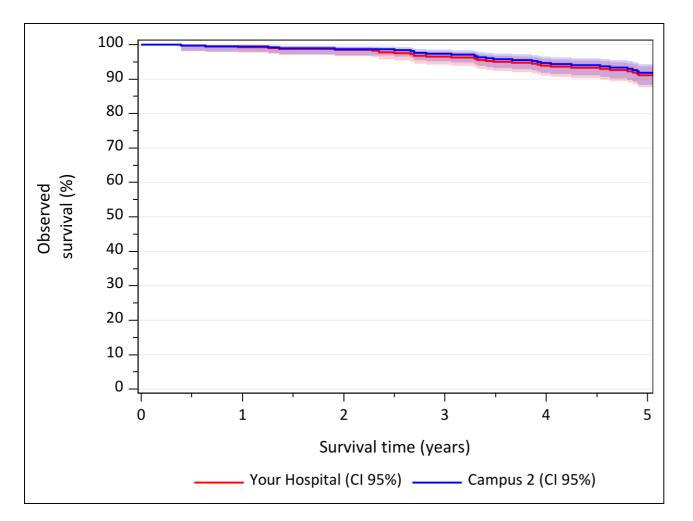
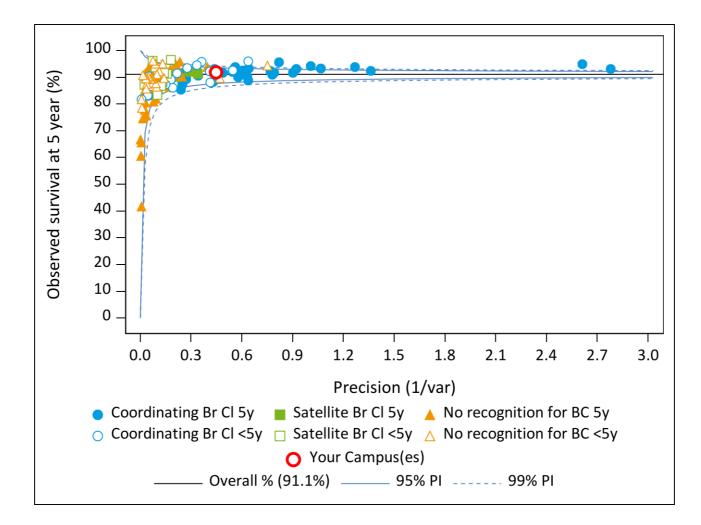


Figure 35: Unadjusted 5-year observed survival probability for operated patients diagnosed with <u>non-metastatic invasive breast cancer</u> assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment



To quantify the degree of heterogeneity among campuses, the reciprocal of the estimated effect variance (i.e. precision) was used instead of the volume (as was done for the other QIs). 161 units of analysis presented on the funnel plot. 16 units of analysis which did not achieve a follow-up of 5 years, are not presented on the funnel plot; 23 units of analysis with an observed survival of 0 or 100%, for which the precision does not exist, are not presented on the funnel plot. Note: The funnel plot, which illustrates the variability between the campuses, should be interpreted with caution. First, these results do not take the differences in case-mix between campuses into account. Secondly, the funnel is drawn around the national results of the whole 2014-2018 cohort of patients with IBC, which also includes a subgroup of patients who could not be assigned to a campus of main treatment. This subgroup, which represents six percent of the study cohort, had an overall survival of only 35% and thus 'pulled down' the reference line of the funnel, which is based on the national average. This gives the false impression that the funnel itself is positioned 'too low'.

4.1.2. Adjusted observed survival

The event for observed survival is death due to any cause. The hazard for this event is adjusted for differences in case mix between campuses and the hazard ratio is reported. Adjusted observed survival results are considered less accurate when survival analyses were performed on the basis of less than 40 patients. It is not possible to draw meaningful conclusions based on such a small number "at risk". Therefore, adjusted observed survival was not reported if your campus(es) has (had) fewer than 40 patients assigned.

4.1.2.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer

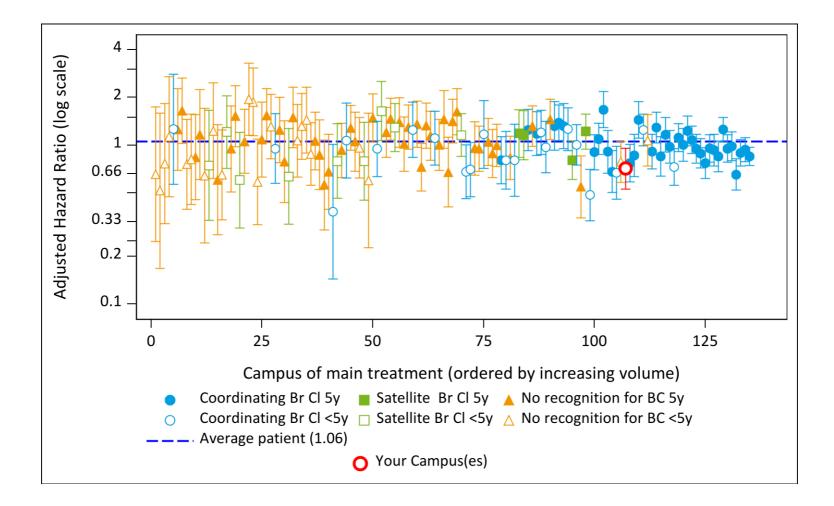
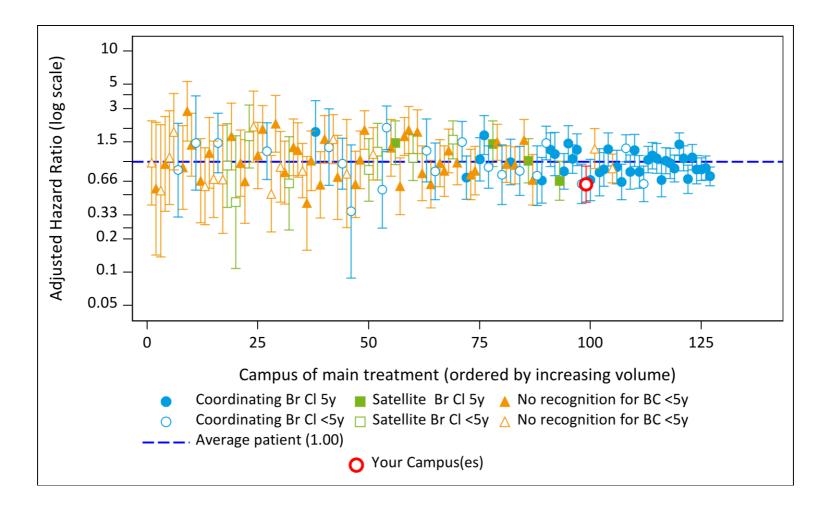


Figure 36: Case-mix adjusted hazard ratio for all-cause death in patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

Hazard ratios were determined over the [0,5] year survival time interval. A minimum campus size of 40 assigned patients was applied, with size referring to the number of patients available for the analysis. For 138 campuses the adjusted HR could be obtained. The hazard ratios were adjusted for age at diagnosis, WHO score, number of previous hospital bed days, cardiovascular disease, respiratory disease, diabetes, combined tumour stage, differentiation grade. Value 1.0 represents the average campus and the dashed blue line is the HR for the average patient (which equals the weighted sum of all campus HR, with the number of patients per campus as weight). The campuses are ranked according to the number of patients assigned to them: from smallest (left) to largest (right). A HR which is lower than 1.0, indicates a lower hazard (or instantaneous risk) to die, and thus a higher survival. When the vertical lines, which represent the 95% CI on the campus HR, include value 1.0 (dashed line), the HR of that campus is not statistically significantly different from the average campus (average patient).

Figure 37: Case-mix adjusted hazard ratio for all-cause death in patients with <u>non-metastatic invasive breast cancer</u> who had surgery assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment



Hazard ratios were determined over the [0,5] year survival time interval. A minimum unit size of 40 assigned patients was applied, with size referring to the number of patients available for the analysis. For 127 units of analysis the adjusted HR could be obtained. The hazard ratios were adjusted for age at diagnosis, WHO score, number of previous hospital bed days, cardiovascular disease, respiratory disease, diabetes, combined tumour stage, differentiation grade. Value 1.0 represents the average campus and the dashed blue line is the HR for the average patient (which equals the weighted sum of all campus HR, with the number of patients per campus as weight). The campuses are ranked according to the number of patients assigned to them: from smallest (left) to largest (right). A HR which is lower than 1.0, indicates a lower hazard (or instantaneous risk) to die, and thus a higher survival. When the vertical lines, which represent the 95% CI on the campus HR, include value 1.0 (dashed line), the HR of that campus is not statistically significantly different from the average campus (average patient).

4.2 Relative survival 4.2.1 Unadjusted relative survival

Unadjusted relative survival results are considered less accurate when survival analyses were performed on the basis of less than 50 patients. It is not possible to draw meaningful conclusions based on such a small number "at risk". Therefore, unadjusted relative survival was not reported if your hospital or (one of) your campus(es) has (had) fewer than 50 patients assigned, or if any of the subgroups listed in the tables below included fewer than 50 patients.

4.2.1.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer

Table 35. Unadjusted relative survival for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% CI) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|---|---------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Your ospital | Campus 2 | | Campus Unknown | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| Overall | 552 | 90.3 [86.1,93.8] | 441 | 98.6 [94.8,101.5] | 71 | 42.2 [27.9,57.1] | |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | | | |
| <40 years | 30 | NA (N<50) | 22 | NA (N<50) | 1 | NA (N<50) | |
| 40-49 years | 78 | 95.4 [87.1,98.8] | 71 | 96.5 [87.9,99.4] | 2 | NA (N<50) | |
| 50-59 years | 129 | 96.8 [90.9,99.5] | 115 | 98.2 [92.6,100.4] | 5 | NA (N<50) | |
| 60-69 years | 131 | 89.8 [82.1,95.0] | 106 | 99.2 [92.2,102.3] | 15 | NA (N<50) | |
| 70-79 years | 100 | 87.3 [75.5,96.1] | 77 | 99.1 [86.4,106.6] | 18 | NA (N<50) | |
| 80+ years | 84 | 78.4 [57.5,98.3] | 50 | 102.1 [73.6,125.7] | 30 | NA (N<50) | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | Your Hospital | | Campus 2 | | | impus known |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year |
| WHO performance status at time of diagnosis | | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 8 | NA (N<50) | 3 | NA (N<50) | 3 | NA (N<50) |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 534 | 92.3 [88.3,95.8] | 437 | 98.5 [94.7,101.5] | 59 | 52.1 [35.2,68.7] |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 4 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 4 | NA (N<50) |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 4 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 4 | NA (N<50) |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) |
| Missing | 2 | NA (N<50) | 1 | NA (N<50) | 1 | NA (N<50) |
| Cardiovascular comorbidity | | | | | | |
| Absent | 304 | 94.7 [90.4,97.8] | 257 | 98.2 [94.3,100.5] | 22 | NA (N<50) |
| Present | 248 | 84.4 [76.6,91.2] | 184 | 99.0 [90.9,105.1] | 49 | NA (N<50) |
| Respiratory comorbidity | | | | | | |
| Absent | 503 | 90.4 [86.0,94.1] | 404 | 98.6 [94.6,101.6] | 62 | 42.2 [26.8,58.4] |
| Present | 49 | NA (N<50) | 37 | NA (N<50) | 9 | NA (N<50) |
| Diabetes | | | | | | |
| Absent | 508 | 92.0 [87.9,95.4] | 414 | 98.6 [94.8,101.5] | 58 | 51.0 [34.9,66.8] |
| Present | 44 | NA (N<50) | 27 | NA (N<50) | 13 | NA (N<50) |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Your Hospital | | C | ampus 2 | | mpus known |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year |
| 0 | 281 | 95.2 [90.8,98.2] | 239 | 98.1 [94.0,100.6] | 19 | NA (N<50 |
| 1 | 204 | 87.9 [79.5,94.8] | 158 | 99.3 [90.9,105.4] | 33 | NA (N<50 |
| 2 | 64 | 74.1 [57.5,87.6] | 42 | NA (N<50) | 19 | NA (N<50 |
| 3 | 3 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50 |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | | |
| 0 days | 406 | 94.0 [89.4,97.8] | 329 | 98.7 [94.2,102.0] | 43 | NA (N<50 |
| 1-5 days | 98 | 89.7 [79.6,96.7] | 83 | 101.8 [93.2,105.6] | 11 | NA (N<50 |
| 6-15 days | 27 | NA (N<50) | 19 | NA (N<50) | 6 | NA (N<50 |
| >15 days | 21 | NA (N<50) | 10 | NA (N<50) | 11 | NA (N<50 |
| Incidence year | | | | | | |
| 2014 | 107 | 93.3 [83.7,99.8] | 88 | 102.6 [94.2,106.7] | 16 | NA (N<50 |
| 2015 | 95 | 93.4 [83.0,100.3] | 85 | 99.9 [90.1,105.4] | 10 | NA (N<50 |
| 2016 | 112 | 87.3 [77.7,94.3] | 93 | 97.7 [89.0,102.6] | 16 | NA (N<50 |
| 2017 | 117 | 92.4 [82.8,99.2] | 105 | 94.4 [84.7,100.5] | 11 | NA (N<50 |
| 2018 | 121 | NA (FU<5yr) | 70 | NA (FU<5yr) | 18 | NA (N<50 |
| Combined stage ^δ | | | | | | |
| (γ)0 [~] | 11 | NA (N<50) | 8 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50 |
| (y)is | 3 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50 |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|
| | | Your Campus Hospital 2 | | | Campus Unknown | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| (y)I | 218 | 103.5 [98.9,105.9] | 209 | 103.7 [99.1,106.0] | 2 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)II | 178 | 94.5 [86.6,100.3] | 150 | 97.1 [89.0,102.7] | 11 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)III | 80 | 86.9 [73.6,96.6] | 60 | 97.1 [84.0,103.9] | 13 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)IV | 61 | 33.6 [21.1,47.0] | 12 | NA (N<50) | 45 | NA (N<50) | |
| Unknown | 1 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Differentiation grade | | | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 25 | NA (N<50) | 22 | NA (N<50) | 1 | NA (N<50) | |
| Moderately differentiated | 247 | 94.0 [87.9,98.7] | 199 | 101.7 [96.1,105.2] | 32 | NA (N<50) | |
| Poorly differentiated | 264 | 87.5 [81.4,92.5] | 215 | 95.5 [89.5,99.7] | 28 | NA (N<50) | |
| Unknown | 16 | NA (N<50) | 5 | NA (N<50) | 10 | NA (N<50) | |
| Treatment modality | | | | | | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 4 | NA (N<50) | 4 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 47 | NA (N<50) | 45 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 344 | 100.9 [97.0,103.5] | 325 | 102.3 [98.5,104.8] | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 63 | 97.3 [86.8,101.5] | 49 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Surgery only | 2 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Primary systemic and/or RT (no surgery) | 92 | 39.3 [27.5,51.7] | 16 | NA (N<50) | 71 | 42.2 [27.9,57.1] | |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% CI) | | | | | | |
|---------|---|---------|-----------|---------|---------------|--|--|
| | Your Hospital | Ca | mpus 2 | | mpus known | | |
| N | | Ν | | N | | | |
| at risk | 5-year | at risk | 5-year | at risk | 5-year | | |

~: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For invasive breast cancer, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection. ⁶: patients might have had neo-adjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x). The combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage. RT: radiotherapy. Tx: treatment. Results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 88, page 230.

4.2.1.2. For patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer who had surgery

Table 36. Unadjusted relative survival for operated patients diagnosed with non-metastatic invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Your ospital | C | ampus 2 | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | | |
| Overall | 403 | 100.9 [97.1,103.6] | 380 | 101.7 [98.0,104.4] | | |
| Age at diagnosis (years) | | | | | | |
| <40 years | 19 | NA (N<50) | 17 | NA (N<50) | | |
| 40-49 years | 60 | 97.4 [87.6,100.0] | 57 | 97.2 [87.2,99.9] | | |
| 50-59 years | 106 | 99.9 [94.3,101.3] | 100 | 100.8 [94.8,101.7] | | |
| 60-69 years | 100 | 100.9 [93.7,103.3] | 94 | 101.8 [94.3,103.8] | | |
| 70-79 years | 73 | 99.7 [86.4,107.2] | 70 | 99.5 [86.0,107.2] | | |
| 80+ years | 45 | NA (N<50) | 42 | NA (N<50) | | |
| WHO performance status at time of diagnosis | | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 4 | NA (N<50) | 3 | NA (N<50) | | |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 398 | 100.9 [97.0,103.7] | 376 | 101.7 [97.9,104.4] | | |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Your ospital | Campus 2 | | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | | |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | | |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Missing | 1 | NA (N<50) | 1 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Cardiovascular comorbidity | | | | | | |
| Absent | 231 | 100.5 [96.7,102.5] | 217 | 101.2 [97.4,102.9] | | |
| Present | 172 | 101.2 [93.0,107.0] | 163 | 102.3 [93.9,108.1] | | |
| Respiratory comorbidity | | | | | | |
| Absent | 371 | 100.7 [96.6,103.6] | 349 | 101.6 [97.6,104.5] | | |
| Present | 32 | NA (N<50) | 31 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Diabetes | | | | | | |
| Absent | 377 | 100.9 [97.2,103.6] | 357 | 101.8 [98.0,104.4] | | |
| Present | 26 | NA (N<50) | 23 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | | |
| 0 | 217 | 100.0 [96.0,102.1] | 204 | 101.0 [97.0,102.8] | | |
| 1 | 145 | 102.7 [94.0,108.5] | 137 | 103.0 [94.2,108.9] | | |
| 2 | 38 | NA (N<50) | 37 | NA (N<50) | | |
| 3 | 3 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | Your ospital | C | ampus 2 | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | |
| 0 days | 306 | 100.5 [95.9,103.8] | 285 | 101.3 [96.6,104.5] | |
| 1-5 days | 73 | 106.2 [97.4,107.5] | 72 | 106.3 [97.4,107.6] | |
| 6-15 days | 16 | NA (N<50) | 15 | NA (N<50) | |
| >15 days | 8 | NA (N<50) | 8 | NA (N<50) | |
| Incidence year | | | | | |
| 2014 | 75 | 103.9 [94.4,108.1] | 74 | 103.9 [94.3,108.2] | |
| 2015 | 70 | 107.2 [97.8,110.4] | 70 | 107.2 [97.8,110.4] | |
| 2016 | 85 | 103.2 [95.3,106.4] | 84 | 103.2 [95.1,106.4] | |
| 2017 | 96 | 93.4 [82.8,100.2] | 96 | 93.4 [82.8,100.2] | |
| 2018 | 77 | NA (FU<5yr) | 56 | NA (FU<5yr) | |
| Combined stage $^{\delta}$ | | | | | |
| (y)0~ | 9 | NA (N<50) | 7 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)is | 3 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)I | 195 | 103.2 [98.2,105.9] | 190 | 103.7 [98.7,106.3] | |
| (y)II | 142 | 100.1 [92.1,105.1] | 132 | 99.6 [91.4,104.9] | |
| (y)III | 54 | 96.2 [81.6,104.0] | 49 | NA (N<50) | |
| (y)IV | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Unknown | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | |
| Differentiation grade | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted relative survival probability (%, 95% Cl) | | | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | | Your ospital | Ca | ampus 2 | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | N at risk | 5-year | | |
| Well-differentiated | 21 | NA (N<50) | 20 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Moderately differentiated | 187 | 102.8 [97.0,106.2] | 178 | 102.9 [96.9,106.4] | | |
| Poorly differentiated | 192 | 99.1 [93.3,103.0] | 179 | 101.1 [95.4,104.6] | | |
| Unknown | 3 | NA (N<50) | 3 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Treatment modality | | | | | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 4 | NA (N<50) | 4 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 41 | NA (N<50) | 39 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 309 | 102.1 [98.1,104.7] | 297 | 102.7 [98.7,105.2] | | |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 47 | NA (N<50) | 38 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Surgery only | 2 | NA (N<50) | 2 | NA (N<50) | | |
| Primary systemic and/or RT (no surgery) | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | | |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | NA (N<50) | 0 | NA (N<50) | | |

~: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For invasive breast cancer, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection. δ: patients might have had neo-adjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x). The combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage. RT: radiotherapy. Tx: treatment. Overall results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 7, page 72.

4.2.2. Adjusted relative survival

The event for the relative survival is excess death due to breast cancer. The excess hazard is adjusted for differences in case mix between campuses and the excess hazard ratio is reported. Adjusted relative survival results where only possible for campuses with at least 300 patients. Therefore, adjusted relative survival was not reported if your campus(es) has (had) fewer than 300 patients assigned.

4.2.2.1. For patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer

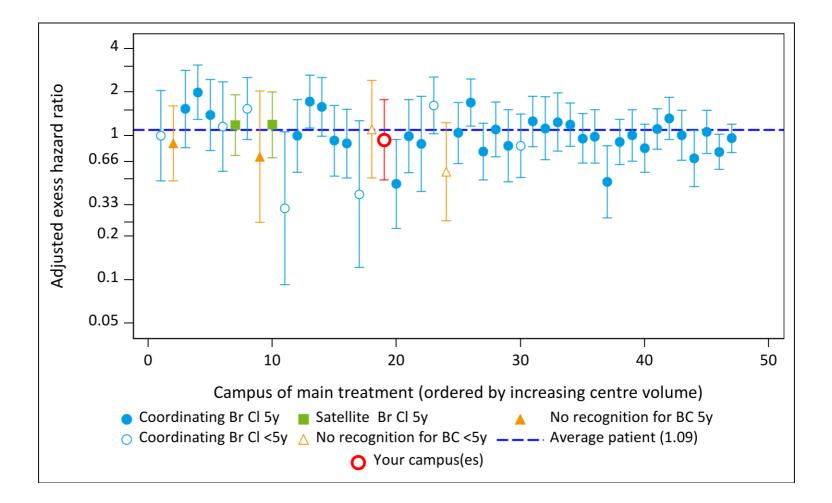


Figure 38: Adjusted excess hazard ratio for breast cancer-related excess death in patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

Excess hazard ratios (EHR) were determined over the [0,5] year survival time interval. A minimum campus size of 300 assigned patients was applied, with size referring to the number of patients available for the analysis. For 47 campuses the adjusted EHR could be obtained. The excess hazard ratios were adjusted for age at diagnosis and combined tumour stage. Value 1.0 represents the average campus and the dashed blue line is the EHR for the average patient (which equals the weighted sum of all campus EHR, with the number of patients per campus as weight). The campuses are ranked according to the number of patients assigned to them: from smallest (left) to largest (right). An EHR which is lower than 1.0, indicates a lower excess hazard (or instantaneous risk) to die, and thus a higher survival. When the vertical lines, which represent the 95% CI on the campus EHR, include value 1.0 (dashed line), the EHR of that campus is not statistically significantly different from the average campus (average patient).

5. Cohort 2009-2013: observed survival of all patients diagnosed with an invasive breast cancer, by hospital of main treatment

Unadjusted observed survival results are considered less accurate when survival analyses were performed on the basis of less than 40 patients. It is not possible to draw meaningful conclusions based on such a small number "at risk". Therefore, unadjusted observed survival was not reported if your hospital has fewer than 40 patients assigned, or if any of the subgroups listed in the tables below included fewer than 40 patients.

Table 37. Unadjusted observed survival for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% CI) Your Hospital | | | | |
|--|--|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | 10-year | | |
| Overall | 572 | 81.4 [78.0,84.4] | 70.1 [66.1,73.7] | | |
| Age at diagnosis | | | | | |
| <40 years | 15 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| 40-49 years | 110 | 90.0 [82.7,94.3] | 83.9 [75.3,89.7] | | |
| 50-59 years | 145 | 93.1 [87.5,96.2] | 88.0 [81.4,92.4] | | |
| 60-69 years | 125 | 90.4 [83.7,94.4] | 79.7 [71.4,85.8] | | |
| 70-79 years | 104 | 76.9 [67.6,83.9] | 56.7 [46.0,66.1] | | |
| 80+ years | 73 | 35.6 [24.9,46.5] | 12.8 [6.2,21.9] | | |
| WHO performance status at time of diagnosis | | | | | |
| 0 – Asymptomatic | 5 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| 1 – Symptomatic but completely ambulatory | 551 | 82.5 [79.1,85.5] | 71.9 [67.9,75.6] | | |
| 2 – Symptomatic, <50% in bed during the day | 4 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| 3 – Symptomatic, >50% in bed, but not bedbound | 1 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| 4 – Bedbound | 0 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Missing | 11 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Cardiovascular comorbidity | | | | | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% CI) Your Hospital | | | | |
|---|--|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | 10-year | | |
| Absent | 359 | 87.4 [83.5,90.5] | 77.9 [73.1,81.9] | | |
| Present | 213 | 71.4 [64.8,76.9] | 57.1 [50.1,63.6] | | |
| Respiratory comorbidity | | | | | |
| Absent | 534 | 81.4 [77.9,84.5] | 70.8 [66.7,74.6] | | |
| Present | 38 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Diabetes | | | | | |
| Absent | 530 | 82.2 [78.7,85.2] | 71.7 [67.6,75.4] | | |
| Present | 42 | 71.4 [55.2,82.6] | 51.1 [34.7,65.3] | | |
| Number of comorbidities | | | | | |
| 0 | 332 | 86.4 [82.2,89.7] | 77.7 [72.8,81.9] | | |
| 1 | 190 | 77.4 [70.7,82.7] | 64.5 [57.1,71.0] | | |
| 2 | 47 | 63.8 [48.4,75.7] | 39.4 [25.3,53.3] | | |
| 3 | 3 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Number of inpatient bed days in year prior to incidence | | | | | |
| 0 days | 422 | 86.0 [82.3,89.0] | 75.7 [71.2,79.6] | | |
| 1-5 days | 90 | 75.6 [65.3,83.2] | 65.0 [54.1,74.0] | | |
| 6-15 days | 34 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| >15 days | 26 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Incidence year | | | | | |
| 2009 | 123 | 78.9 [70.5,85.1] | 66.7 [57.6,74.2] | | |
| 2010 | 108 | 86.1 [78.0,91.4] | 75.0 [65.7,82.1] | | |
| 2011 | 110 | 77.1 [68.0,83.9] | 63.3 [53.5,71.6] | | |
| 2012 | 118 | 79.7 [71.2,85.9] | 74.5 [65.6,81.4] | | |
| 2013 | 113 | 85.8 [77.9,91.1] | NA (FU<10yr) | | |

| | Unadjusted observed survival probability (%, 95% CI) | | | | |
|---|---|------------------|------------------|--|--|
| | | Your Hospital | | | |
| | N at risk | 5-year | 10-year | | |
| (y)O~ | 2 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| (y)is | 1 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| (y)I | 218 | 94.5 [90.5,96.8] | 88.5 [83.2,92.1] | | |
| (y)II | 222 | 86.4 [81.2,90.3] | 72.8 [66.3,78.4] | | |
| (y)III | 70 | 67.1 [54.8,76.8] | 54.3 [42.0,65.1] | | |
| (y)IV | 55 | 30.9 [19.3,43.2] | 10.6 [4.2,20.5] | | |
| Unknown | 4 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Differentiation grade | | | | | |
| Well-differentiated | 44 | 88.4 [74.4,95.0] | 78.7 [63.0,88.3] | | |
| Moderately differentiated | 252 | 85.7 [80.8,89.5] | 75.0 [69.0,80.0] | | |
| Poorly or undifferentiated | 252 | 77.4 [71.7,82.1] | 65.2 [58.8,70.8] | | |
| Unknown | 24 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Treatment modality | | | | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT | 11 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant systemic Tx | 70 | 92.8 [83.5,96.9] | 74.3 [61.7,83.3] | | |
| Surgery < adjuvant RT + systemic Tx | 377 | 91.8 [88.5,94.1] | 83.7 [79.4,87.1] | | |
| Neo-adjuvant Tx < Surgery (< adjuvant Tx) | 25 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Surgery only | 9 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |
| Primary systemic and/or RT (no surgery) | 80 | 27.5 [18.3,37.5] | 11.1 [5.4,19.1] | | |
| No oncological treatment | 0 | NA (N<40) | NA (N<40) | | |

~: in correspondence with TNM 7th & 8th edition, cTis cN0 cM0 tumours are categorized as cStage 0. For invasive breast cancer, these tumours were clinically assessed as in situ but appeared to be invasive after resection; ^δ: patients might have had neo-adjuvant therapy (NAT), resulting in a ypStage in these cases. Note that a distinction was made between ypStage 0, i.e. complete pathological response after NAT (ypT0 ypN0,x ypM0,x) and ypStage is, i.e. in situ component remains after NAT (ypTis, ypN0,x ypM0,x); the combined stage is a summary of the information included in the clinical stage and the pathological stage and is defined as follows: a known pathological stage takes priority over a known clinical stage, except when the presence of metastasis is specified in the clinical stage; RT: radiotherapy; Tx: treatment. Overall results related to the Belgian population can be found in KCE report 365: table 100, page 258.

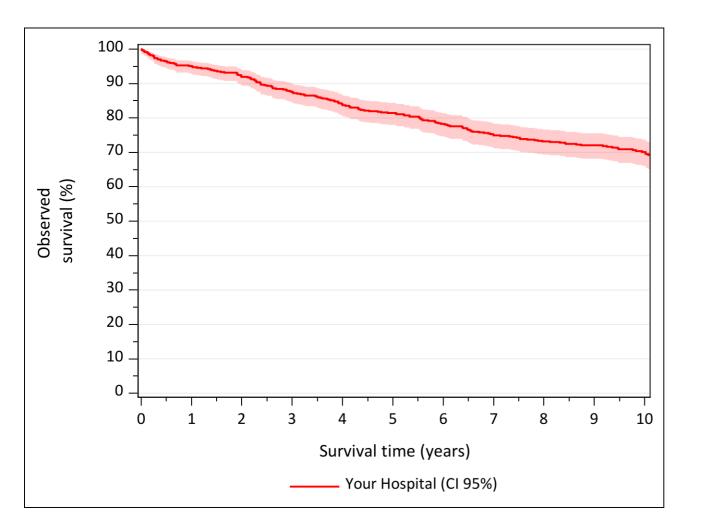


Figure 39: Unadjusted observed survival probability for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

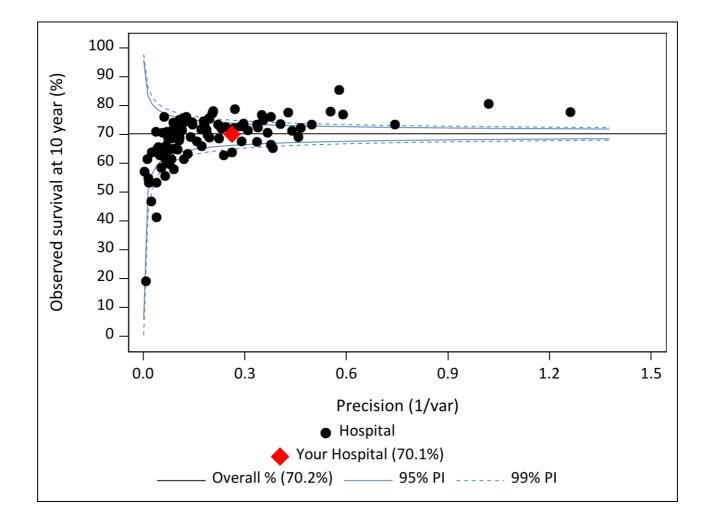


Figure 40: Unadjusted 10-year observed survival probability for patients diagnosed with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

To quantify the degree of heterogeneity among centres, the reciprocal of the estimated effect variance (i.e. precision) was used instead of the volume (as was done for the other QIs); hospitals which did not achieve a follow-up of 10 years, are not presented on the funnel plot; hospitals with an observed survival of 0 or 100%, for which the precision does not exist, are not presented on the funnel plot. If your centre has (had) fewer than 40 patients assigned, it is not highlighted in the figure.

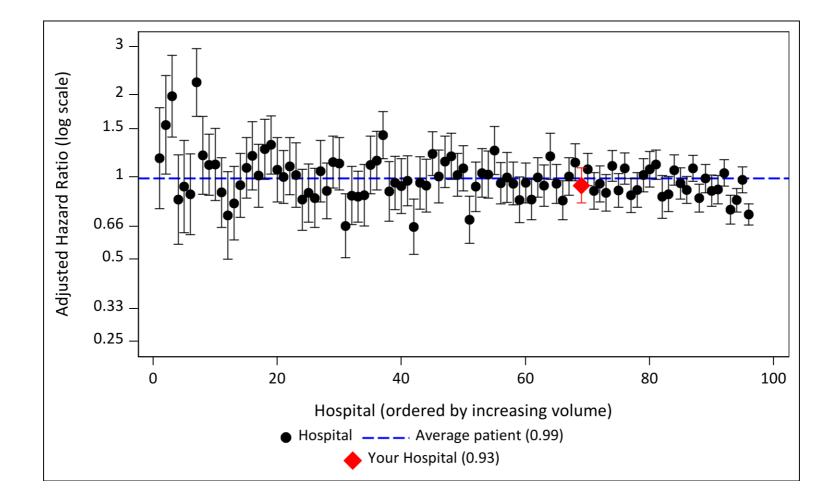


Figure 41: Case-mix adjusted hazard ratio for all-cause death in patients with invasive breast cancer assigned to your hospital on the basis of main treatment

Hazard ratios were determined over the [0,10] year survival time interval. A minimum hospital size of 40 assigned patients was applied, with size referring to the number of patients available for the analysis. For 96 hospitals the adjusted HR could be obtained. The hazard ratios were adjusted for age at diagnosis, WHO score, number of previous hospital bed days, cardiovascular disease, respiratory disease, diabetes, combined tumour stage, differentiation grade. Value 1.0 represents the average hospital and the dashed blue line is the HR for the average patient (which equals the weighted sum of all hospitals HR, with the number of patients per hospital as weight). The hospitals are ranked according to the number of patients assigned to them: from smallest (left) to largest (right). A HR which is lower than 1.0, indicates a lower hazard (or instantaneous risk) to die, and thus a higher survival. When the vertical lines, which represent the 95% Cl on the hospital HR, include value 1.0 (dashed line), the HR of that hospital is not statistically significantly different from the average hospital (average patient).